Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1869. NUMBER 136.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

XVth Amendment Ratified by Florida—Findings by Military Courts Passed Upon—Doctors and the Colored Question—Texas Indemnity Bonds—Illicit Distillers in Virginia—Bond Purchases by the Government—Continued Retrenchment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 16, 1869.

RATIFICATION BY FLORIDA.

Information has been received here that the 15th amendment to the Constitution of the United States has been ratified by both Houses of the Florida Legislature. The vote in the Assembly was twenty-six to thirteen, and in the Senate thirteen against eight.

FINDINGS OF MILITARY COMMISSIONS.

The Military Commission that convened at Austin, Texas, on the 19th of September, 1868, under orders of the War Department, to try James Weaver, a civilian, for the murder of another civilian named Knowles, having completed their labors by finding the accused guilty of murder in the first degree and sentencing him to be hanged, the finding has been submitted to the President, and by him approved. He directs the sentence to be carried out on the 24th of September.

The finding of the court martial which convened at Atlanta., Ga., July 15th, 1868, wherein Private Henry Mayatt, of Co. B, 16th U. S. Infantry, was tried for the murder of a colored man named Henry Gillespie, and found guilty, has been submitted to the President, and by him disapproved. The prisoner is ordered to be discharged from custody and from the service of the United States.

BOND PURCHASES BY GOVERNMENT.

The Sacretary of the Treasury has directed Mr. Van Dyke, Assistant Treasurer at New York, to make his purchases of bonds for the last week in this month on Tuesday, the 29th, instead of Wednesday, that the account may be returned here before the first of July. He has also instructed the Assistant Treasurer to purchase bonds to the amount of $620,000 at either of the next two weekly purchases, in addition to the regular purchase of a million a week, in order to increase the sinking fund by the close of the fiscal year to the proportionate amount for the four months of the present Administration, the law requiring one per cent. of the entire debt to be purchased during each fiscal year.

MORE RETRENCHMENT.

Thirty watchmen and laborers were yesterday dismissed from the Treasury Department, on account of the reduction in the last appropriation bill. Others will be dismissed in a few days. A large number of clerks in the Second and Fourth Auditors', Secretary's and Register's offices, will be dismissed about the last of the month. The Postmaster General has appointed seven clerks to supply vacancies caused by removals.

ILLICIT DISTILLING IN VIRGINIA.

Intelligence was received to-day at the Internal Revenue office of the existence of large numbers of illicit distilleries in Lee county, Virginia, on the Kentucky border, and of a combination among them to resist the laws. Commissioner Delano has taken measures to enforce the Revenue laws there, and compel the payment of tax, even if it should be necessary to call on the military for aid.

TEXAS INDEMNITY BONDS.

Judge Paschal, Attorney for Texas, has demanded of George Peabody & Co., London, through their New York house, Dabney, Morgan & Co., $160,000, realized by them on the Texas indemnity bonds covered by the decision in the case of Texas vs. White and Chiles. Texas will probably recover the money without litigation.

DOCTORS AND THE "COLORED" QUESTION.

The Medical Society of the District of Columbia will soon be required to act upon the application of a practical colored physician to become a member.

The Society to-night voted by over five to one against the application of Drs. Purves and Augusta, colored, for admission to membership.

COLORED CUSTOMS OFFICER.

A colored man named Nichols has been appointed Night Surveyor of Customs at Galveston, Texas. He is a native of Virginia.

ST. LOUIS.

The McCool-Allen Prize Fight—Decision by the Referee—Another Fight on the Tapis.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—The following is published this morning: I, Valentine McKinney, give my decision in the late fight between McCoole and Allen, in favor of McCoole, there being a foul committed by Allen on McCoole in the last round, by gouging his eye.

V. MCKINNEY, Referee.

Charley Gallagher has challenged Tom Allen to fight him for one thousand dollars. In his challenge Gallagher recognizes Allen as the winner of the fight yesterday, notwithstanding the decision of the referee. All the accounts published this morning scout at the idea of Allen committing a foul on McCoole.

It is announced to-night that McCoole claims that Allen gouged him and that the decision of the referee was in accordance with the rules of prize ring; but he has no desire to take advantage of it and has sent a challenge to Allen to fight him for five thousand dollars within three months, not more than one hundred miles from St. Louis. Mike says he was suffering from the erysipelas for two weeks before the fight, but it was known only by a few of his best friends. At noon to-day he was in bed attended by a physician. One of his eyes was still closed and his face much disfigured.

Vermont Republican Convention.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RUTLAND, June 16.—The Republican State Convention met to-day. Three hundred and four delegates were present. Gen. Peter P. Washburn, was nominated for Governor, Geo. Whendle for Lieutenant Governor, and John A. Page for State Treasurer.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamer Pennsylvania arrived at New York, from Liverpool, yesterday.

—Ex-Gov. Curtin, Minister to Russia, sailed in the steamer Scotia, yesterday, from New York.

—The miners of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company and Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company have resumed work.

—Rev. Thomas Dewitt has accepted the Presidency of the New York Historical Society, vice Hamilton Fish, resigned.

—Adkin Lewis, a citizen of Burke county, Ga., was assaulted in his field on Wednesday, by a negro, who stabbed him to death and fled.

—Track laying on the southern branch of the Kansas and Pacific Railway commenced yesterday on the south side of Smoky Hill river.

—The North Missouri Railroad has commenced selling tickets to San Francisco for $158,35, under the arrangement just entered into between the Union and Central Pacific Railroads.

—William Stamler, a German inmate of the National Soldiers' Home at Dayton, Ohio, committed suicide, on Tuesday, by drowning himself.

—In a prize fight at Cuyahoga Lake, on Saturday, McGuire was killed in the 9th round by a terrific blow from Donnelly, who escaped to Canada.

—During the past six weeks, seventy-five thousand acres of land have been entered at the Land Office at Junction city, Kansas, and two thousand acres sold by the Railroad Company.

—The New York *World* says yesterday (Tuesday) a considerable amount of first class rifled ordnance was purchased in that city, which is to leave within a fortnight with an expedition for Cuba.

—W. L. Pierce has been held in fifteen hundred dollars to appear before the next term of the United States Court, on a charge of abstracting money from letters passing through his hands while clerk in the Cincinnati Postoffice.

—In the House of Commons, at Ottawa, Canada, Tuesday night, Hon. Mr. Rose announced the Government had decided to abandon the new banking scheme and extend the bank charter, expiring in January next, to June, 1870.

—The Swedenborgian Convention is holding its sessions at New York. Reports were read from Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Delaware, Missouri and New York. All show progress. The Treasurer's report shows $50,000 in the treasury.

—Quaker City has been again released on the owners bonds of $3800. It is possible, however, other proceedings will be taken against her by the Haytian Government. F. W. Adams, her third officer, is under bail for examination on a charge of beating a deputy marshal.

—During the performance of a circus at Sparta, Ga., on Tuesday, a personal difficulty arose between a few whites and blacks in which one negro was killed and another mortally wounded. The affair threatened to be more serious, but was suppressed by the sheriff and some leading citizens.

—The Congressional Committee of Ways and Means left Omaha at eight o'clock, yesterday morning, for Sacramento. They left in Silver Palace car G, the same in which they left New York. This will be the first car that has taken passengers through from New York to Sacramento without change.

—The wife of Rev. J. B. Smith was drowned yesterday morning in Poplar Creek, near Turner Junction, Illinois. She was taken suddenly ill while crossing the stream in a buggy with her husband and fell into the water. Her husband jumped in to save her, but got entangled in the lines and could not do it.

—Mayor Bruce and the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of Louisville, Ky., last night burned $600,500 of the city bonds, all having several and many of them more than twenty years to run before maturity. They were purchased as an investment by the Sinking Fund Commissioners and retire the bonded debt of the city to that extent.

—Some time since three children of Mrs. Wahle, living in Jacksonville, Ill., died suddenly, and at periods not far apart. Shortly after, their mother, Mrs. Wahle, took a trip to Europe. During her absence suspicion was aroused and the body of one of the children was exhumed, the contents of its stomach analyzed, and poison found in large quantities. Mrs. Wahle returned from Europe a few days since, was arrested on Tuesday, and will be held until the subject is investigated.

Base Ball at Brooklyn—Cincinnati Club Again Victorious.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 16.—About ten thousand persons assembled this afternoon on the Capitolian grounds, Brooklyn, to witness the base ball match between the Cincinnati and Atlantic clubs. The day was fine and good order maintained throughout the game, which resulted in favor of the Cincinnatians by a score of 32 to 10. The betting was even. The Atlantics won for the choice. The fielding and batting of the Cincinnati club was very good, but the Atlantics played far below their usual standard, particularly in batting, and their throwing was very wild.

Indians Going to Reservations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LEAVENWORTH, June 16.—The *Times* and *Conservative* has a special from Ellsworth, saying that a government guide, just arrived from Medicine Bluff, states the Camanches and Kiowas were coming slowly to reservations at Camp Supply, near the Cheyenne and Arraphoes reservations. Two hundred Cheyennes and nearly all the Arraphoes were represented. Company K, 7th Cavalry, Major Hale, arrived at Fort Harker yesterday from Camp Beecher, and Company A, of the same regiment, arrived to-day from Fort Hayes, having made a circuit through exposed settlements.

The Trial of W. B. Donaldson—Difficulty in Getting a Jury.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—Three *venires* of thirty-six men each have been exhausted in the attempt to obtain a jury in the case of Capt. Donaldson. Only twenty persons were found qualified to serve as jurors. Of these three have been excused by the State and seven by the defence. Another *venire* will be called to-morrow, and it is thought the testimony will be taken on Friday.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NATIONAL PEACE JUBILEE.

GRAND DAY AT BOSTON.

RECEPTION OF PRESIDENT GRANT.

His Response to the Welcome.

ESCORTED TO LEGISLATIVE HALLS.

HE REVIEWS THE MILITIA.

The Coliseum---A Novel Scene.

FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS INSIDE,

AND AS MANY MORE OUTSIDE.

STAR SPANGLED BANNER, ANVIL CHORUS,

Immense Ovation to Parepa Rosa.

DEATH IN THE MIDST OF JOY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, June 16.—President Grant arrived this morning after breakfast at the St. James Hotel, and left under escort of the Legislative Committee and a corps of cavalry, arriving at the State House at eleven o'clock. An immense mass of people greeted the President on the route. Secretary Boutwell, Admiral Farragut, Governor Chamberlain and several other civil and military dignitaries were in the President's suite. On reaching the State House the President was welcomed by Gov. Claflin, and responded as follows:

It affords me great pleasure to visit the capital of the State which has done so much for my support and for the support of the Union in the time of the great rebellion, a state whose principles did so much to give me whatever political position I have attained, and a State where I have received such a hearty welcome in other days.

Members, Governor's Council, Supreme Bench, Lieutenant Governor and others, were then introduced to the President. After this ceremony he was escorted to the Senate Chamber, where he was welcomed by President Pittman, and the members of the Senate were then personally introduced to the President, besides numerous ladies.

The President and party were then escorted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the House of Representatives, and Speaker Jewell made an address of welcome. The President was then introduced to the members of the House, after which the party proceeded under cavalry escort to review the State troops under Gen. Butler.

GRAND REVIEW OF TROOPS.

The troops were reviewed by President Grant on Tremont street. The right of the line rested at Providence Depot, in the Highland District, the left at the corner of Berkley and Tremont streets. The President was received at the right of the line by Gen. Butler and staff. The General rode up to the barouche and shook hands with the President, who was loudly cheered by crowds of people. The President mounted a horse and accompanied by the Governor and Gen. Butler and staff, rode down the line and reviewed the troops. As the President rode along the line he was repeatedly and enthusiastically cheered. Many houses were gaily decorated with flags. An immense concourse of people thronged Tremont street during the review and the windows and balconies of all the houses were crowded. After arriving at the left of the line, the President took up a position at the corner of Conkling and Appleton streets, where the right wing of the brigade, in open column of companies, passed in review before him, and escorted by the left wing he proceeded up Berkley street to the Coliseum, the cheers of the people greeting him all along the route.

SCENE AT THE COLISEUM.

Alderman White, Chairman of the City Reception Committee, received the President in the Coliseum, where an elegant collation was partaken of, Mayor Shurtleff doing the honors.

Meantime the Coliseum was being packed with fully fifty thousand people. Every seat was taken, and thousands were glad to find standing room. The weather being fine, the ladies were in full dress, and the scene was novel and impressive beyond description. The crowd outside the Coliseum was also immense, probably as many as were inside.

The President's reception on entering the main building was most enthusiastic. The vast mass rose and cheer upon cheer, with waving of handkerchiefs, hats and other demonstrations greeting him. The President repeatedly bowed his thanks.

The concert programme for to-day was mainly of a classical character. The performance gave complete satisfaction, judging from the apolause bestowed. The Star Spangled Banner and Anvil Chorus aroused tremendous enthusiasm, and were both repeated. The recitative and ario, sung by Adelaide Phillips, received hearty acknowledgment and encore. "Let the bright Seraphim" was sung by Parepa and received such unbounded applause that she was obliged to repeat it, receiving probably the heartiest ovation ever tendered a songstress in this country.

THE BANQUET AT THE REVERE HOUSE.

After the close of the performance, the President was escorted to the Revere House, where a sumptuous municipal banquet was provided. About two hundred gentlemen sat down and enjoyed the feast. No set speeches were allowed.

Mr. Thornton, the British Minister, in response to a toast, "The health of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria," after a few preliminary observation, spoke of the musical event of the day as a wonderful performance, and said his sovereign appreciated its object and that he more than appreciated the return of peace to this country. Some people in England, he would not deny, thought a disunion of the States would be advantageous to England; but he was proud to say men of his native country, imbued with principles of honor, did not think so at all, nor were they in sympathy with any such idea. A good mother could have no desire to see or to foment quarrels among her children. She would rather be solicitous to have them all friends with her brothers and sisters, contributing to the common good and living in common harmony. Some thought there could be no friendship founded on the sentiment between England and the United States, but such was not his opinion. Such friendship was necessary, in order that the world should see the value and advantages of liberal institutions, which were the common pride of both England and the United States, they having been established here by the mother country, and expanded far beyond her expectations. The interest of either country ought to be sufficient in itself to make and keep an enduring friendship between them. The mutual advantages of trade and commerce demanded such friendly relations; the common stock and common interests were improved through it. England must profit by the union, peace and prosperity of this country.

The President left for Groton this evening, as the guest of Secretary Boutwell. He will leave Groton to-morrow for New York, stopping two hours at Worcester, in response to the municipal invitation from that city.

DEATH IN THE COLISEUM.

A sad event occurred during the performance in the Coliseum this afternoon, in the death of Mrs. Dunlap, of Chicago, of heart disease. She was the wife of the President of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, and daughter of Moses Pond, of this city.

RELIGIOUS.

Conference of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, at Chicago—Ritualism, Romanism, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 16.—A Conference of Presbytery, Laymen, &c., of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, assembled in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms this morning. The objects of this Conference are well known to the public, by reason of the various publications in regard to it during the last few months.

At half-past nine o'clock—about one hundred persons being present, which number was subsequently increased to about two hundred, a portion of whom were ladies—Alexander G. Tyng, Esq., of Peoria, son of Rev. Dr. Tyng, of New York, called the Conference to order and proposed that the next half hour be devoted to religious exercises. The Doctor said he was but an accidental spectator, being on his way to another place. He felt the deep concern which had brought the brethren together, and he feared least something might occur disadvantageous to the cause. He trembled at the responsibility even of his temporary position. No one could estimate the importance of wisdom from above at such a juncture. There were few here in number, but thousands were watching. He hoped nothing would go forth to pain any one.

The Conference then gave half an hour to devotional exercises, in which Rev. Samuel Cutler, of Massachusetts, and Rev. Mason Gallagher, of New Jersey, took part. Rev. Mr. Gallagher said he felt they were right. Although they were comparatively few in numbers, with God on their side they were in the majority. It mattered not how men regarded them. Their success depended on God's blessing. They should cultivate a constant spirit of devotion, without which they would be weak; with it they were strong, even if all the church rulers were against them. He believed that many who sympathised with them were afraid to come here. They must look to God. They were soldiers of the Lord and must fight in his service, depending on Him and not upon themselves, and endeavor to stem this tide of Ritualism, Romanism, &c.

Gorden S. Hubbard, of this city, was then appointed temporary Chairman, and Alexander G. Tyng, of Peoria, temporary Secretary.

A Committee, appointed for the purpose, reported the names of the following gentlemen as permanent officers of the Conference: President, Mr. Felix R. Brunot, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Vice Presidents, Rev. D. Newton, of Pa.; Gordon S. Hubbard, of Ill.; Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Va., Col. Ayerigg, Judge Miller, of Wis.; John J. Hewitt, of Mich.; Secretaries, Rev. C. W. Quick, of Pa.; Rev. N. N. Cowgill, of Kentucky, and Rev. T. L. Smith, of Mo.

The President returned thanks. He had no intimation that he would occupy this place, and therefore could make no lengthy speech. He said that a few weeks ago he saw in the New York papers the statement that there was to be a Convention at Chicago. That statement had been repeated again and again. It was a device of the enemy. He had been more anxious to be a member in order that his voice might be raised against such a proposition. This was no meeting for separation; it was a meeting of those who loved the Church and were shocked at the tendency to pervert its doctrines and destroy the Church. They meet to consult how the Church should be called from destruction. He hoped their deliberations would be calm, and that no words would be spoken which their enemies could use against them.

A Business Committee was appointed.

Mr. Cheny, of Chicago, asked what constituted membership of the Conference? It was simply a Conference to discuss freely the attitude of certain officers and rulers in the Church, who are endeavoring to promulgate certain doctrines obnoxious to the evangelical portion of the Church. As the proceedings would go forth to the world, it would be well to understand who are competent to take part in the Conference.

Rev. Dr. Cooper, in reply, said he had prepared the following preamble and resolutions, which would give the information:

Whereas, This Conference of the Evangelical Clergy and Laity of the Protestant Episcopal Church has assembled in pursuance of a call for the purpose of discussing topics connected with a certain protest issued in February last, and also for the purpose of transacting such other business as under the circumstances, may be deemed expedient; therefore,

Resolved, That all who have signed, together with all who may hereafter sign, or who shall express their sympathies with the protest above named, shall be members of this Conference.

An invitation was received from Mr. E. C. Cleaver, a member of Christ Church, to visit him socially to-morrow evening. Accepted.

Rev. Mr. Gallagher stated that a telegram had been sent to the Fulton street, New York, noon prayer meeting, asking the intercession of that body in their supplications in behalf of this Conference. He suggested that they should now unite in prayer with their New York brethren, which was done.

The Committee on Business submitted a report, recommending the hours of meeting each day, also recommending that this afternoon, after devotional exercises, the Conference should discuss the following questions:

First, What shall we do? and *Second*, How shall we do it? The object being to draw out fully and freely the feelings of the Convention, so that the Executive Committee, from the remarks made, might be able to prepare topics for further consideration.

Adjourned till 2:30 P. M.

The Conference met at 2:30, and exhausted half an hour in devotional exercises.

The members then proceeded to discuss "What shall we do?"

Mr. Nash, of Illinois, said the first thing to be done was to put themselves right on the record. He insisted that it was not a Convention to divide the Church, but a Conference to protect it. In regard to the revision of the Prayer Book. He thought the subject should be touched tenderly. He thought the fight on the word "regeneration" was a very small one. He doubted whether this was the proper time to act on the Prayer Book. he signed the call for the meeting, and did not intend to ask pardon, if they were compelled to ask leave of their Bishop to meet and discuss issues. If so, they had better go some where else or yield up the ghost.

Mr. Cooper had been a minister of the Church twenty-four years—was born in the Church, bred in the Church, and did not propose to leave it. Mr. C. spoke at considerable length in denunciation of the evangelical charges in this diocese.

Dr. Bowen said that when a clergyman said to his Bishop that his conscience would not let him use a service, the Bishop would have to go on and exercise his authority. Many could not use the word "regenerate." He would not strike it out.

Mr. Newton said the Bishop should not attempt to depose Mr. Cheney, but the prayer book. There was no alternative for those who had conscientious scruples but to be forced out of the Church.

Dr. Andrews deplored any mention of the coming trial of Mr. Cheney. All allusions to it were premature.

The question was further discussed by Messrs. Clements, of Ohio, and Gallagher, of New Jersey.

The question "How shall we do it?" was then discussed by Col. Ayerigg, Mr. Gallagher, Mr. Clements and Mr. Cooper, who offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this Conference and the members thereof have heretofore, individually, so now in their collective capacity, recognized as unsound and unprotestant the statements and teachings against which the protest, alluded to in the resolution passed this morning, was directed, and now solemnly reaffirm their opposition to them.

Resolved, That this Conference, recognizing the present as a time of imminent danger to the purity of the worship of the Protestant Episcopal Church, does hereby pledge itself to use all proper efforts for the preservation of the same in its integrity.

The resolutions were passed, the first with a few dissenting voices, and the last unanimously.

The Business Committee decided that the revision of the prayer book would be discussed from eight to nine this evening, and "How to do it?" from nine to ten.

Mr. Cheney said he could not be present to-night. He consequently wanted to say something about the revision of the prayer book. Were they to go on in using a prayer book which inculcated false doctrine and untrue meaning? He hoped the time would come when they could have a pure liturgy, with no Bishop laying his heavy hand upon them—a liturgy reflecting the teachings of Christ the Master. He had seen many laymen present and he was glad to see them waking up. They would understand that the clergy did not propose to tear up the prayer book, but bring it into harmony with the word of God. The discussion had already done more good than all the Episcopal preaching in Chicago for a quarter of a century. It would waken the laity to the truth, that they had a right to see; they would know that there were men who dared stand up for the truth in the face of ecclesiastical censure.

Adjourned until eight o'clock.

The Conference assembled at 8 o'clock, in accordance with adjournment. A brief time was given to devotional exercises. The question for discussion was then announced, "Should the prayer book be revised?"

Before the discussion commenced, Alexander G. Tyng Esq., moved that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the Conference to-morrow, which was adopted, Rev. Mr. Newton, of Pennsylvania, being appointed chairman of the Committee.

The discussion was then commenced and continued until ten o'clock, the hour for adjournment, by Col. Ayerigg, Rev. Dr. Cooper, John H. Kedsie, Esq., Alex. G. Tyng, Esq., Rev. Mr. Oliver, Rev. Dr. Newton, and others. With the exception of Rev. Mr. Oliver, the speakers took ground in favor of revision, although several did not regard it as a vital question, or one to be introduced into the deliberations of this Convention, which was called for other purposes.

Without reaching a conclusion, the Conference adjourned until to-morrow morning at 8:30.

Politics in Tennessee.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, June 16.—Gentlemen who arrived in Nashville to-day from Knoxville confirm the reports that the Knoxville *Whig*, Senter organ, is about to change sides. It will, they allege, hoist the Stokes flag to-morrow. This change is the result of the fact that the majority of the owners of the *Whig*, which is a joint stock concern, are for Stokes. The doctrine of universal suffrage does not seem to take in East Tennessee, and the friends of Stokes here are becoming more confident.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 16.—Prince Arthur has decided to make a visit to Canada, and perhaps to the United States. He will leave during the fall.

The *Times* has another article on the Alabama claims, and says it cannot be denied that the work of building the Alabama was done knowingly by British builders in a British port, though after the event it may be regretted that such proceedings were lawful. It is most certain that they were not unlawful, but it would have been better for both countries if the Government had seized the Alabama. The justifiability of this step was doubtful, but the refusal is the offence which England committed, and which she is ready to submit to any tribunal as soon as the Americans desire.

LONDON, June 16.—The press generally censure Mr. Bright's letter to the Birmingham meeting.

The *Times*, commenting on the proceedings in the House of Lords on the Irish Church bill, says the debate exhibits moderation and patriotism. The *Times* believes the vote of the Peers will be given on a judicial consideration of the arguments based on the provisions of the bill and the judgment of the nation.

Murphy, the anti-Irish agitator, arrested in Birmingham, has been discharged on the ground of informality in the arrest.

Baron Stanley, of Adderly, died to-day, aged sixty-seven years.

CORK, June 16.—Four men attacked the house of a Mr. Gray, a magistrate at Black Rock, last night. The inmates resisted and fired on the assailants, one of whom was mortally wounded. The others fled.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 16.—The Emperor has written a letter to M. Mackan, one of the newly elected members to the Corps Legislatif, acknowledging the receipt of a communication addressed to him by that gentleman in the name of his constituents. The Emperor in his reply says: "The Government is equally able to suppress disturbance and grant privileges, but the concession of principle and personal sacrifices are always insufficient in the presence of a popular movement. A Government which would preserve itself-respect ought not to yield to external pressure."

The Emperor adds: "I am well assured that these views are those of your constituents, as I am convinced that they are the same which are entertained by the majority of the Chamber."

GERMANY.

BERLIN, June 16.—The Parliament of Zolverein have rejected the proposed duty on petroleum.

BREMEN, June 16.—The King of Prussia has arrived in the city. He was entertained to-day at a banquet given in his honor by the city, and made a speech, in the course of which he said, if Providence had willed the accomplishment of a great and unexpected work through him, it was not by himself alone, but by his companions and his allies, that that work was executed. All that was sought by the present generation had not been accomplished, but their successors would gather fruits and witness the completion of the edifice, the foundation of which has been laid. In conclusion, his Majesty expressed thanks for the reception he had met and drank to prosperity and health.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, June 16.—Details of news by the South American steamer at Lisbon are received. The Brazilian iron clads ascended the Paraguay to a point near the camp of Lopez, but were unable to proceed further on account of shallow water and want of coal. The Paraguayans made efforts to obstruct the river and blow up the allied fleet, without success. An English officer, with the permission of the Brazilian commander, passed through the lines with dispatches for Lopez and returned with dispatches from Gen. McMahon, the United States Minister.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 16.—The National Cortes passed the decree establishing a regency under Marshal Serrano. The vote on its final passage stood one hundred and ninety-three yeas to forty-five nays.

Magnificent speeches were made in the Cortes to-day by Castellar and Olazoga, the former attacking and the latter defending the French Empire.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, June 16.—Signor Lobbia, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, was attacked to-day by an assassin in the street. After a desperate struggle the assassin fled, leaving the Deputy badly wounded.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16.—The difficulties between Turkey and Persia have been settled, and the Persian Ambassador here has resumed his functions.

MARINE NEWS.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 16.—The steamship Leipsig, from Baltimore, arrived yesterday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 16.—*Evening*—Consols for money, 92½; for account, 92⅝. Five-twenty bonds, 80¾; at Frankfort, 86@86⅜. Eries, 19¾; Illinois, 95; A. & G. W. 26. Stocks steady.

PARIS, June 16.—Bourse dull. Rentes 70f. 37c ex. div.

LIVERPOOL, June 16.—Cotton active; middling uplands on spot 11⅞@12d; afloat 12d; Orleans 12¼@12½d; sales of 20,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet; California white wheat, 9s. 7d.; red western, 8s. 7d. Western Flour 21s. 6d. Corn; 27s. 6d. for new, and 28s. 6d. for old. Oats 35s 4d. Barley 5s. Peas 37s. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 73s. Cheese 79s. Bacon 62s. Petroleum; refined 1s. 7½d. Tallow 44s.

LONDON, June 16.—Sugar 39s 6d@40s. spot active; afloat firmer at 29s. Refined Petroleum 1s. 6d. Linseed Oil 31s. 5d. Petroleum at Antwerp 47f. Cotton at Havre 144f.

FRANKFORT, June 16.—Five-Twenties quiet and steady with an advance, closing at 86¾@86⅞.

HAVRE, June 16—*Evening*.—Cotton buoyant; tres ordinaire on spot 145 frs; low middlings to arrive 140 frs.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

O'ER THE HILL.

BY THE REV. RALPH HOYT.

One morning as he wended
Through a path bedight with flowers,
Where all delights were blended
To beguile the fleeting hours.
Sweet Youth, prav turn thee hither,
Said a voice along the way,
Ere all these roses wither,
And these fair fruits decay;
But the youth paused not to ponder
If the voice were good or ill,
For, said he, my home is yonder,
O'er the hill there, o'er the hill!

Again, high noon was glowing
On wide and weary plain,
And there, right onward going,
Was the traveler again;
He seemed another being
Than the morning's rosy youth,
But I quickly knew him seeing
His unaltered brow of truth;
Rest, stranger, rest till even',
Sang alluring voices still;
But he cried—my rest is heaven!
O'er the hill there, o'er the hill!

The shades of night were creeping
A sequestered valley o'er,
Where a dark, deep stream was sweeping
By a dim and silent shore;
And there the pilgrim bending
With the burden of the day,
Was seen still onward wending,
Through a "straight and narrow way;"
He passed the gloomy river
As it were a gentle rill,
And rested—home forever!
O'er the hill there, o'er the hill!

EPHEMERIS.

—Ohio cousins may not marry.

—Frank Blair is en route for California.

—Russia is trying to get Upper Tartary.

—Kansas City has a female notary public.

—Tostee has gone back to the land from whence she came.

—The Mayor of Sitka is in New England lecturing on Alaska.

—Gutzkow, the German poet has recovered from his insanity.

—$179,000 have been raised for the American college at Rome.

—Mr. Seward and his family are more than half way to the Pacific.

—Small-pox, after sojourning a year in San Francisco, has departed.

—It has been calculated that sixty persons per minute die in this world.

—Ann Hathaway's cottage and garden at Stratford on Avon are advertised for sale.

—New York Councils have appropriated $30,000 for fire works on the 4th of July.

—Nevada is to have public schools in White Pine county, by about the middle of July.

—The New York *Sun* accuses Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth of writing a novel per week.

—Arkansas has a town in which every family has the measles. It is a veritable community.

—Fairs for the benefit of Cuba are to be held at the fashionable watering places during the summer.

—Baron Brisse derives an income of seventy thousand francs a year from the sale of his culinary receipts.

—The New Jersey railroad is transporting at present, two hundred and forty tons of strawberries per day.

—There never seemed to be many people in Norway, but quantities have come from there to America this year.

—The Boston Councilmen entertained General Grant at what they called a "quiet dinner" for two hundred.

—Humpty Dumpty was performed on Saturday afternoon before the inmates of the South Boston Lunatic Asylum.

—Two boys fell into an old well in the cellar of a new building in Philadelphia, on Monday, and one was drowned.

—A fatal disease has been raging among the turkeys in Kentucky, and the crop for next Thanksgiving is very small.

—In Philadelphia a dog, supposed to be mad, on Monday evening, bit a little three years old girl named Lizzie Wilson.

—Mrs. Livermore, when she became a mother, turned her face to the wall and wept because her first daughter was a girl.

—A firm of English coach-makers advertises that it has imported wheels from America, and is now prepared to build light carriages on our models.

—Tennessee has a new gubnernatorial candidate, in the person of Mr. Davidson M. Lutherman, who announces that he will run independent of party organization.

—Napoleon adopted the Haroun Al Reschid dodge, and visited the recent electoral meetings in disguise. He was not as thoroughly pleased as Haroun was with his experience.

—The Ingrain carpet weavers of Philadelphia have resolved not to submit to any reduction of wages, and have organized a strike in case the employers insist on reducing the wages.

—A French agricultural journal says that by mixing hops with the ordinary food of cows, the yield of milk can be greatly increased. We should fear that the milk might be a little beery.

—Bishops who are delegates to the great Oecumenical Council in Rome, are already beginning to arrive in the Eternal City, although the Council will not be held until December next.

—Amanda Craig recently won $100,000 from Elisha Sprague in a breach of promise case, and a Chicago paper advises Elisha, if he wants to get a rich wife, to pay the money and marry Amanda.

—The official dinner given on Monday evening, by the Union League of Philadelphia, to ex-Governor Curtin, was the first entertainment of the kind ever given by that organization to a citizen of Pennsylvania.

—A Brussels inventor has prepared a substance which, when applied to tissues, wood, cordage, scenery, &c., renders them incombustible. An experiment at the Theatre de la Monnaie proved the claims of the inventor to be well founded.

—The Viceroy of Egypt is about to found a University at Cairo, which will be under the charge of a German professor, who will conduct it on the plan generally adopted by the great European Universities.

—In an Iowa saw mill, recently, a visitor touched a swiftly revolving circular saw with the forefinger of his right hand, and it was cut off. In describing how the accident happened, the visitor reached out the left fore finger to the saw, when it too was cut off.

—A white baby was picked up a few days ago on the Dan river, near South Boston, Virginia. It was in a metallic coffin, with a bottle of milk at its mouth, and a roll of greenbacks under its head, while newly plucked roses decorated its strange cradle.

—A white man in Brooklyn, on Sunday, called at the house of a negro, and made an unprovoked assault on him, knocking him down and beating him severely. The negro seized a pistol and fired at his assailant, but the shot struck a third person, who died almost instantly.

—A letter from Delaware says: "The fruit prospect is magnificent. The whole State is full of strawberries now, at six cents per quart. Blackberries will be more plenty than musquitoes everywhere. Peaches will be a full crop and unusually large and luscious, if the weather be dry."

—The German "Lese Verein" has had its library and reading room painted, papered and carpeted, a lady librarian has been secured and a number of new books purchased, so that the dingy old rooms have become a very pleasant resort. The "Verein" is to have a picnic next week.

—Pennsylvania has a criminal and pauper population of 24,004—nine-tenths from intemperance—maintained at a cost of $2,259,910.66, or $5.80 for each voter in the State. The State revenue for licenses is $317,742.75, while the cost to the people of supporting intemperate criminals and paupers is $2,259,910.66.

—Many persons think that Napoleon must get up a war to distract and occupy the attention of his people. In conjunction with this we have the report that 200,000 French soldiers are to be moved to Strasbourg this month—merely to see how quickly the railroads can concentrate large numbers of troops at a given point.

—A man named Nesmith offended by an article which appeared in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, attacked the editor of that paper on the street, on Monday, and after severely horsewhipping him, knocked him down and severely maltreated him. After this he went to the *Commercial* office in search of Mr. Halstead, but that gentleman's absence saved him from the lash. The *Enquirer* says there was a universal feeling of insecurity pervading the various newspaper offices of the city throughout the remainder of the day. Editors and reporters might have been seen Monday night going through the streets weighed down with arsenals of lethal weapons, and casting furtive glances around the corners lest every turn should bring them face to face with the avenging spirit.

THE New York *Times* says the English papers complain that some of the great manufacturing establishments of America keep agents in the manufacturing towns of England to foment strikes and stir up difficulties among the work-people, in order to secure the principal and most experienced hands for shipment. Thus, we are told, were stirred up the recent troubles in Preston, which resulted in the transfer of a large number of hands to Lowell; and it is now reported that agents are operating in the "Black Country," and picking out a large number of good workmen for the Pittsburgh iron works in Pennsylvania. We judge there is some mis-statement about the matter. We suppose the truth simply to be that large American manufacturers occasionally send agents to Great Britain to engage experienced workmen; and it is the wages these agents are able to offer which causes the difficulties the English papers suppose to be systematically planned.

A FRENCH paper has discovered that a strong prejudice exists in England against thirteen sitting down at table. It reports the death of Mr. Malketh, who for thirty-five years had followed the profession of "fourteenth at table." It appears that the deceased has left a fortune of £20,000, gained by the labor of his mouth; that irreproachably dressed, it was his wont to present himself in due time at the houses where there was a good table, and to inquire whether, having thirteen assembled, his presence was desired. If the reponse was affirmative, he entered the dining-room, and after eating his dinner, received one or two pounds sterling, according to the length and importance of the feast. London, it is added, "still possesses two or three gentlemen who exercise this trying occupation, and live with much comfort."

A NEW YORK letter says: "For a couple of months past, rumors that A. T. Stewart had joined the Catholic Church have been in circulation, but as rumors about rich men are always flying about this particular one did not attract much attention. I have just been informed, however, that it is perfectly true. The great millionaire, my informant says, was received into the Catholic Church by Archbishop McCloskey, with whom he had been in consultation several times before the event took place. The same person informs me that Mr. Stewart lately gave a donation of $20,000 to the House of the Good Shepherd, a Catholic institution for reclaiming fallen women."

THE street lights of New York city, it is reported, are so miserable, that it is positively dangerous both to life and limb to walk in the lower part of the town. The remedy for this inconvenience is now attracting the attention of the authorities, and it is proposed to erect works for the manufacture of oxygen gas according to the new French method. Several gentlemen have already had works put up to supply their private houses with the French oxygen gas.

Crime in High Life at Paris.

Since the murder of the Duchess de Praslin, towards the close of Louis Philippe's reign, no more flagrant example of crime in high life at Paris has been disclosed than the recent mysterious suicide or murder of Commandant Thevet. The persons who rushed into the bedroom of the dying commandant as soon as they heard the fatal pistol shots found with him a lady of rank, duchess or marchioness, *en dishabille*. Both the lady and the commandant, it is said, were married, although not to each other. This terrible incident is the latest illustration of a state of society in Paris so strongly and vividly depicted by *Le Diable a Quatre*, a weekly publication, that several editions of it were sold in a single day. It appears that the idolatry of material interests, the greed for gold, the passion for dress and every other form of costly display, the insatiable luxury, the vice and crime which characterized the reign of the Citizen King now characterizes even more strikingly the reign of the Emperor. For the first time in the history of Parisian society, the women of its foremost ranks are charged with selling their favors. Not only has Beranger's grisette utterly disappeared, transformed, into the modern lorette, who is not a woman, but a profession, *une boutique;* not only has maddening absinthe expelled generous wine, and poisonous tobacco killed the kiss, but universal insane extravagance has involved families of every class in straitened circumstances—the main, direct cause of prostitution, an evil which prevails in Paris more widely than ever before. Every family is in straitened circumstances, from that of a bureaucrat's pretty wife, who pledges her little daughters earings to figure with a head-dress of flowers at an official ball, to that of a duchess, whose husband tries to raise hundreds of thousands on her bridal diamonds, "Straitened circumstances," says the publication to which we allude, "have penetrated every household, opening every door to vice; the devouring ulcer has absorbed everything—everything to this extent, that when we see a princess playing with her dolls, we may affirm that one of these days (if nothing counteracts the plague now general) she will prostitute herself for a few yards of lace. Nobody will deny that in all the higher classes of society adultry has become a social principle." According to the same authority titled procuressess, usurping an infamous trade, facilitate the progressive libertineage of wives and encourage the immeasurable resignation of husbands. Partisan prejudices may have somewhat too highly colored this frightful picture of crime in imperial Paris. But, after making allowances for exaggeration, there is reason to fear that fashionable Parisian society is gangrened. To cure and save it will speedily require a social, if not a political, revolution.—*From the N. Y. Herald.*

THE ANNEXATION OF NOVA SCOTIA.—Suppose that a majority should decide for a repeal of the union with Canada and for the independence of the Province, with a view to applying for admission into the United States—what would happen? Simply, that they would be received here with open arms; and the United States would gain a territory unsurpassed in natural resources by any of equal extent on this continent, and inhabited by three hundred and fifty thousand freemen of the same blood and language as ourselves. England, though she would properly resent the forcible annexation of her colonies, would probably interpose no objection to their voluntary incorporation into the United States. The question is emphatically one to be settled by the people of Nova Scotia themselves; and should they settle it in the affirmative, the world may make up its mind that the marriage will take place. It is the young folks on this side of the Atlantic, and not the old ones, who decide these questions. In the present case, though the lassie feels a natural reluctance to quit her father's house, Nova Scotia is apparently framing her lips to sing a certain ballad taught her by old Scotia:

"Though father and mither and a' should gang mad,
O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad!"

In plain words, there is reason to think that only a little encourgement from this side is needful to induce that Province to take the momentous step. Shall the United States give her that encouragement? Yes! a thousand times, yes! Let the people of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick understand that if they ask admission into the Union they will be heartily welcomed.—*From Our Monthly Gossip, in the July number of Lippincott's Magazine.*

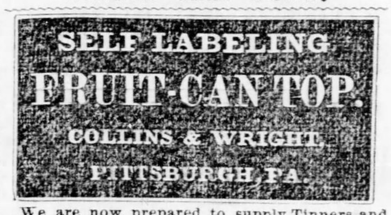
A "KU KLUX" STORY.—A reliable gentleman from Southwestern Georgia reports the following: An eminent Episcopal clergyman made an appointment to preach at Albany not long since. Everybody was invited to be present; and there being no Episcopal church in Albany, the largest church was secured for the occasion. This church had a very large gallery, which was appropriated for the use of the colored people. The appointed Sabbath came, and the building was crowded up stairs with blacks; down stairs with whites. There being no retiring room, the minister had to enter the church clothed in his clerical robes. While all were impatiently awaiting his arrival, there suddenly appeared a ghostly figure clothed in a long white robe, walking up the aisle. This, of course, was the expected divine, but Cuffie in the gallery had never seen the like before. All of a sudden a shout of "Ku-klux" burst from the gallery, and Africa broke in indiscriminate pell-mell for the open air. Heels over head they fell, rolled and tumbled, and rolled out of doors. The whites, viewing the uproar, also became alarmed, and some one shouted "Fire." Panic seized the white audience, and out they rushed, but the doorways being crowded, they speedily made doors of the windows. Glass and splinters flew in every direction. The church was soon emptied, and presented the appearance of having been riddled with grapeshot. Quiet was finally restored; the cause of the disturbance discovered—the white audience returned, but no earthly inducement could ever induce the negroes to go back.—*Augusta Chronicle.*

EMIGRATION.—During the week ending May 29th, there were 6,443 emigrants who left Liverpool for New York. Of this number 4,443 embarked on steamers, and 2,000 on sailing vessels. Of the steamers, the Erin took 1,242 passengers, the largest number ever carried across the ocean on one vessel. The streets of Liverpool are crowded with persons from the continent of Europe, seeking conveyance to the United States. The French, however, sail from Havre.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se8:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h77 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
JUST RECEIVED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
Latest Shapes Neapolitan and Cactus Hats and Turbans.
Hair Bonnets, Leghorn Sun Hats, Sea Breeze Hats.
Choice French Flowers.
Ribbons, in all colors and widths.
Colored Crapes, Illusions, Laces.
Bonnet and Hat Frames.
Black and Colored Satins.
Fans, Silk, Palm, Linen and Perfumed Fans.
Kid Gloves; in all the new shade; No. 5½ to 8.
Domestic and Fine Cotton Hose, new lines.
Hamburg Embroideries.
Embroidered Linen Setts.
Lace and Lace Goods.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, a full assortment.
Dress Trimmings.
Black and Colored Knotted Fringes.
Buttons, of every description.
Hoop Skirts.
Fine French Corsets.
At the Very Lowest Prices,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
je12

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
Silk Fans,
Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,
New Japanese Fans.
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.—Bertha street, $1,900; Wood's Run, $2,500; Union Avenue, $2,500; Virginia st eet, $2,500; Craig street, $2,600; Second Avenue, $6,000; Sandusky street, $8,000; Second Avenue, $8,000; South Avenue, $9,000; Rebecca street, $9,000; North Avenue, $10,000; South Avenue, $12,500; Penn street, $15,000; Ridge street, $25,000; Stockton Avenue, $30,000; Fifth Avenue, $40,000. Others in various locations. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth Avenue. je11

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints, and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh26:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
R. E. BREED & CO.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 14 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

CEMENT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. E. CANFIELD

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
—
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

MAY 18, 1869.
BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS.
WINDOW SHADES,
AND
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM
CURTAINS,
New Stock Just Received.
LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
my19 (Second Floor).

COMMISSION MERCHANTS
J. L. DILLINGER..... .....A. E. STEVENSON.
DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN
Pure Rye Whiskies.
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,
No. 87 Second Avenue,
ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.
W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se :y16

M. STEELE.....A. STEELE.
M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

W. C. ARMSTRONG,
Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 25 MARKET STREET.
my18

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.
KEIL & RITCHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS. No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.
ja12:r58

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE ...WM. H. HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

PEARL ASH.—25 casks for sale by
J. E. CANFIELD.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 16, 1869.

The oil market, as was the case yesterday, opened stronger and somewhat excited, but as the day advanced it became weaker, and before the close there were offers to sell at yesterday's quotations. It seems that there was considerable excitement at Oil City and Titusville for a time, but there as here, it did not last long, and it was intimated in certain quarters that the "flurry" was gotten up for effect and that it fell short of the mark. It is also intimated that it is reported in the oil regions that there is a large June short interest in Pittsburgh. While there are doubtless some shorts, as there always are, it is said that the short interest here is not near as heavy as outsiders have been led to suppose, and if operators up there are operating in expectation of catching up the shorts, they might be sadly disappointed. As already intimated, however, the market is firm, and prices—aside from these little "flurrys" which occur almost every day—are well sustained.

CRUDE.

At one time the market was strong with no sellers of June below 15, but subsequently, the same delivery, was offered at 14¾, without finding buyers. Sale of two lots of 1,000 each, seller June, at 14¾, and 1,000 seller all year, at 14. There was a sale of seller June, early in the day, on private terms, understood to be 14½.

REFINED

Sale of 500 each July to September, at 33; 500 July to December at 33¼; 500 each same months, at 33; 1,000 last half September, 33½; and 1,000 July at 32½. At the close, June was offered at 31½—in the forenoon it was held at 32.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 688 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co, 486 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer Kohler & Co. 500 bbls ref to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 1200 cases to Warden Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 100 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined, 1200 Cases..... 1774 bbls.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Ralston & Waring, 108 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Holdship & Co., 102 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

A. Hertz & Co., 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 323 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 1033

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 282 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

J. B. Floyd, 15 bbls refined to D. Cook, Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 297

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	900 bbls.
Owston & Sowers	1,080 "
J. Wilkins	283 "
Waring & King	326 "
D. M. Edgerton	240 "
A. Hertz & Co	240 "
G. S. Thomas	160 bbls.
Total	3.235 bbls.

Reported by Western Union Telegraph Company, Duquesne Way office, up to 6 P. M.

New York, June 16th, 10 A. M.—Crude closed last evening, in bulk, dull, but held firmly at 17c; Crude in barrels dull and nominal at 22½; Refined dull; best bid as reported, 31½.

Philadelphia June 16th, 10:30 A. M.—Market this A. M. quiet; Prime light straw to white, 30; standard white, 31¾; Crude, 16¼.

New York, June 16th, 12 M.—Market is dull and prices are lower. Crude, 16½; Refined, 31.

Oil City, June 16th, 12:30 P. M.—Market this morning is firm; Crude held firmly at $6,00; Creek firm at $5,60; one sale of 1,000 barrels 30 days, B. O., at $5,65. Buovant.

Tarr Farm, June 16th, Noon.—Market a little off to-day; offering at $5,25@5,30; have heard of no sales to-day.

Titusville, June 16th, 1:30 P. M.—Market strong and prices tending upward. Sales 5,000 barrels on the upper creek at $5,25 and 1,500 on the lower creek, buyers option 30 days, at $5,65; sales of regular delivery are reported on the lower creek at $5,40@5,50; at Oil City sellers are asking $5,20@6,00, on broad gauge or valley cars.

Petroleum Centre, June 16th, 2 P. M.—Market quiet at $5,25@5,35; sales this A. M. at $5.25

Rouseville, June 16th, 2:15 P. M.—Buyers and sellers wide apart; no transactions of note; $5,25 bid and $5,40@5,50 asked.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Cotton decidedly firmer, with a good business; sales of 4,800 bales at 33@33½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 12,639 bbls; firm for shipping grades, with a good export demand, and dull and heavy for all other kinds; sales of 10,200 bbls at $4,60@5,10 for superfine State and western, $5,80@6,30 for extra State, $5,45@6,30 for extra western, $6,25@7,25 for white wheat extra, $5,57@6,65 for round hoop Ohio, $6,50@7,50 far extra St. Louis, and $8@11 for good to choice do.; included in the sales are 4,800 bbls for export. Rye Flour is heavy at $4,25@6,25. Corn Meal is quiet and a shade firmer, with sales of 300 bbls western at $1,02½@1,03½ free. Wheat; receipts, 52,393 bus: shade firmer, with an export demand for spring; sales of 159,000 bush, at $1,38 for No. 3 spring; $1,42½@1,43½ for No. 2 do.; $1,49 for No. 1 do.; $1,52 for amber State; $1,70 for white California. Rye quiet and without decided change. Corn; receipts, 18,241 bush; market dull, heavy and 2@3c lower; sales of 44,000 bush, at 67@86c for new mixed western via canal; 87@92c for do. via railroad; 82@84c for kiln dried; 85@93c for white western. Oats; receipts, 16,691 bush; market heavy and lower; sales of 31,000 bush, at 76½@78c for western afloat. Leather firm. Wool favors buyers; sales of 188,000 lbs, at 44@52½c for domestic fleece and 42½@47c for pulled. Coal scarce and firm at $7,50@8,50. Rice easier; Carolina 8@9c. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar quiet; Cuba at 11@12½. Molasses dull, Cuba at 53@55. Petroleum unsettled at 17 for Crude, 31@31¼ for refined. Hops quiet. Linseed Oil dull at $1,02@1,05. Turpentine heavy at 44@44½. Sheathing Copper steady at at 33; Ingot Copper dull and declining at 22½. Pig Iron quiet and firm; bar is very quiet; sheet dull. Nails unchanged. Pork a shade firmer; sales of 530 barrels $32,75@32,87 for new mess; closing at $32,75 cash, $32,37@32,50 for old do., $26@26,50 for prime, $28,25@28.50 for prime mess, also 500 barrels new mess seller for July at $33. Beef steady. Beef Hams are quiet; sales of 170 bbls at $20,00@31,50. Cut meats firm; sales of 200 pkgs at 13c. Shoulders 16@17c. Hams and middles quiet and steady; sales of 125 boxes short ribbed, long cut hams and Stratfordshire at 16¾@17c. Lard quiet; sales of 450 tierces at 18@20c for steam and 20@20¼c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 30@32c for Ohio. Cheese heavy at 11@19¼c. Freights to Liverpool firmer. Shipments: 25,000 bush wheat at 6d per sail and 6½d per steame.".

Latest.—Flour closed firmer for fresh ground, low grades, extra western and state, with a fair export demand. Wheat very firm and advancing at $1,43@1,44 for No. 2; $1,49@1,49½ for No. 1 spring. Rye quiet but very firm. Oats lower, dull and heavy at 75½@76c for western afloat. Corn dull, lower and heavy at 58@70c for unsound; 75@85c for sound canal; 85@90c for railroad. Pork dull at $32,75@32,80 for mess. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and steady. Bacon unchanged. Lard steady at 19¾@20c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 20@21c.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—Tobacco steady, with a good demand. Cotton; no sales and dull. Flour dull and weak, with very little doing: superfine ranges at $4@5, extra $4,75@5,50, double extra $5,10@6,50, treble extra $6,75@7,50, choice and fancy $8@9,50. Wheat; spring firm at $1,06@1,08 for No. 2, and $1,10@1,11 for No. 1; fall slow but unchanged at $1,20@1,40 for prime to choice red, and $1,47½@1,50 for prime to fancy. Corn easier but without much change; mixed in bulk at 67c, mixed in sacks 70c, yellow 72@74c, choice to fancy white 80@83c. Oats dull and unsettled, closing lower at at 63@65c. Rye quiet at 93@95c. Whisky better at 94@94½c, and held higher. Groceries very quiet and business small. Coffee rather scarce and strong; 24@24½c for prime; 25@25½c for choice; 26c for strictly choice. Sugar rather weak; 14@14½c for prime to choice: 15c for strictly choice. Molasses 65@85c for plantation. Pork steady and firm, $33,50; dry salt loose clear sides, 17c. Bacon strong and tending upward; shoulders advanced to 14½c; rib sides sold at 17½c; clear rib 18c; clear sides 18½c. Lard steady, 19c for choice kettle, and 21c for keg. Receipts—4,000 bbls flour, 42,800 bushels wheat, 14,100 bush corn, 11,545 bush oats.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—Flour firmer, but prices are unchanged, with sales of family at $5,50@5,75. Wheat is higher, owing to the fact that the offerings are not equal to the demand from millers, notwithstanding it is of a limited nature; No. 2 is held at $1,18@1,20, and No. 1 at $1,23@1,26. Corn and Oats are unchanged. Rye is very scarce, which has caused a further advance to $1,20. Cotton is higher, with sales of middlings at 31½c. Whisky has advanced to 95c, and is in fair demand. Provisions are a shade higher, but the market is quiet. Mess Pork sold at $33, but the market closed dull at this rate. Bulk shoulders sold to the extent of 110,000 pounds at at 13c, and a lot of 40,000 pounds sold at this rate, buyer this month; sides are held at 16c. Lard is held at 19½c, with no sales. Bacon is firm, with sales of shoulders at 14½c, and 17½ and 18c for clear rib and clear sides. Butter steady at 24@28c. Eggs are held at 14@15c. Linseed Oil is quiet at $1,03@1,05, Lard Oil is firm at $1,42@1,47. Petroleum is dull at 28@29c for refined. Tobacco is active, with sales of 236 hogsheads at $5,95@17,75. Gold, 1,37¾ buying. Exchange is dull and irregular, at ½@1-10 per cent. discount buying. The money market is very close.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Eastern Exchange firm at 1-10 off buying and par selling. Flour more active at $4,50@6,25 for spring extras. Wheat moderately active and ¼@½c higher; sales No. 1 at $1,17@1,18; and No. 2 $1,14½@1,15, closing at $1,14½; this afternoon No. 2 quiet and firm at $1,14¼ seller June. Corn active; sales No. 1 at 63½@64½c, No. 2 60¼@61½c, rejected 56@57c, and no grade 50c; this afternoon the market was firmer at 60c bid for No. 2 seller June. Oats quiet at 59½@59¾c cash, and 59¾c seller the month for No. 2, closing at 59c cash. Rye more active and firmer at 95@97c for No. 1, and 94@95c for No. 2, closing at 96½c for No. 1. Barley dull at $1,15@1,20 for No. 2. Highwines unsettled and irregular; sales at 97c. New Orleans Molasses 95c@$1. Sugar 13¾@14¾c for fair to choice. Provisions firm. Mess Pork $33,25. Lard 19¼c. Dry salted shoulders 13c. Sweet pickled hams 16c bid. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours —5,934 bbls flour, 92,261 bush wheat, 101,628 bush corn, 36,632 bush oats, 2,330 bush rye, 400 bush barley, 12,409 head hogs. Shipments—9,360 bbls flour, 11,160 bush wheat, 161,019 bush corn, 54,176 bush oats, 1,443 bush rye, 7,275 head hogs. Freights more active at 12½c for wheat to Oswego.

CLEVELAND, June 16.—Flour; city made: $8,75 for treble extra white; $7,50@7,75 for double extra amber; $6,75 for double extra red winter; $5,75 for extra red winter; $6,25 for double extra spring; country made: $7,25@8,00 for double extra white; $6,00@7,00 for double extra red and amber; $6,00@6,50 for double extra spring. Wheat; sale of 1 car No. 1 red winter at $1,28: 1 car do. at $1,29; 1 car No. 2 do. at $1,20. Corn: sale of 1 car No. 1 at 70c; 1 car No. 2 do. 65c; 1,000 bus do. at the same price. Oats: sale of 1 car at 65c. Rye held at 90@95c for No. 2; No. 1 do. held at $1,00@1,05. Petroleum; crude held at $6,25; refined held at 27@27½c; we hear of no sales of importance.

TOLEDO, June 16.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened 1c better and closed 1½c lower; amber $1,31 spot, and $1,31 seller June. Corn a shade better and firmer: No. 1 68¾@69c; No. 2 67½c; rejected 56c. Oats quiet and steady at 64c for Michigan. Rye dull and 5c lower; sales Michigan at 95c. Barley nominal. Receipts—1,900 bbls flour, 16,500 bush wheat, 21,700 bush corn, 5,100 bush oats, 800 bush rye. Shipments—400 bbls flour, 8,800 bush wheat, 16,000 bush corn, 7,000 bush oats.

LOUISVILLE, June 16.—Flour—demand light; superfine $4,50. Grain quiet and weak. Wheat—red $1,10; white $1,20. Corn 66c. Oats 68c. Rye $1,20. Provisions very firm. Pork $33. Bacon—shoulders 14½, 18 and 18½c; sugar cured hams 19½c. Lard—tierce 19c. Highwines 94c. Leaf tobacco active and higher; sales 295 hhds at $6,26 for lugs, to $25 for Owen Co. leaf. 12 ounce candles declined to 15c.

MILWAUKEE, June 15 —Flour active; sales of choice Wisconsin and Iowa at $5,25@5,75. Wheat quiet at $1,18 for No. 1, and $1,13¾@1,14 for No. 2. Oats quiet and steady at 59c for No. 2. Corn in fair demand at 59c for No. 2. Rye steady at $1,59 for No. 1. Grain freights firm and rates unchanged. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 112,000 bus wheat, 1,000 bds wheat. Shipments—1,000 bbls flour. 2,900 bus wheat.

BALTIMORE, June 16.—Flour is very dull and favors buyers. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn firm but lower; white $1,02, and yellow 93c. Oats steady at 70@72c. Rye steady at $1,25. Mess Pork firm at $33,50. Bacon active; rib sides 18@18¼c, clear rib 18½@18¾c, shoulders 15¼c, and hams 21@22c. Lard firm at 20c. Whisky firm at $1,01.

MEMPHIS, June 16.—Cotton excited; low middlings held at 32c; receipts, 146 bales; exports, 369 bales. Flour heavy $4,75@10,50. Corn firm at 87½@90c. Oats dull at 75c. Hay dull; prime $26,50@27,00. Pork; prime $33,50@34,00. Bacon; shoulders 14¼@14¾c; sides 18¾@19c.

RIVER NEWS.

The river rose an inch or two during Tuesday night and yesterday, but last evening it was about stationary with five feet nine inches. Weather continues cloudy and exceedingly cool for the season.

There has been no arrivals since the date of our last report with the exception of the regular packets. The New State from Wheeling, and Grey Eagle from Parkersburg, arrived and departed as usual.

It seems that the Collier, which we noted as having departed for Cincinnati on Tuesday, stuck a portion of her tow on the bar below Glass House, and up to noon yesterday, she had not succeeded in getting all of them off. Two of her barges were subsequently run into and sunk.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. B. C. Martin, Jas. S. Dravo, clerk, will positively depart for Cincinnati and Louisville today.

The Messenger, Capt. Jesse Dean, is filling up steadily for the Upper Mississippi and will doubtless get away tomorrow. Passengers and shippers can depend on the Messenger going clear through.

A St. Louis dispatch says that the steamer Continental was sold on Monday to Capt. John M'Clay for $14,000. The Lady Gay was also sold, but her purchasers were not reported.

—A St. Louis telegram gives the following details in regard to the case of Capt. Donaldson: The case of Captain Donaldson, for the murder of Henry Anderson, a colored waiter on the steamer Great Republic, last June, was called in the Criminal Court to-day. Long before the arrival of Judge Primm the court room was thronged to its utmost capacity, and an intense interest was manifested in the case. Captain Donaldson appeared in good health and spirits, and bore nimself with quiet confidence. He was accompanied by his young brother-in-law, who seems very much attached to him. The counsel asked for a postponement until Wednesday on account of the absence of witnesses, but the Judge concluded to open the case on the ground that it would probably take longer than Wednesday to obtain a jury and hear the evidence for the State. Jurors were then called, and out of a pannel of thirty-six ten were selected, but they are still subject to challenge. It is believed that there will be much difficulty in obtaining a jury, as the circumstances in the case are so well known that nearly everybody has not only formed an opinion, but made up their minds about the case. The result of the trial can't be even conjectured; but if the two colored witnesses, Glover and Ray, who were in the baggage room at the time Anderson was shot, testify as they did before the coroner's jury at the time of the occurrence, it seems almost impossible for Donaldson to escape conviction.

—The Lawrence reshipped her Nashville freight at Cincinnati, and goes on the dock.

—The Argosy is loading at Cincinnati for Pittsburgh.

—Captain Dan G. Taylor has turned over the office of Supervising Inspector of the Fourth District to Alf W. Sanford.

—Among the premiums offered at the Paducah Tobacco Fair, we notice the following: R. E. Lee, $50; Armada, $50; Quickstep, $50; Cumberland, $25; Tyrone, $25.

—Captain Joab Lawrence proposes to receipt freight through to Fort Benton via Chicago at 9c. per lb. The *Republican* says St. Louis steamers will receipt through at 6½c. and 7c.

—Captains of Missouri steamers say that the Octavia is doing more harm than good by dredging at this season of the year, but that the snag-boats are doing a great amount of good. Dredge-boats can only be of benefit during a time of continuous low water, when heavy and apparently fixed bars have formed.

—Charles P. Warner and Adrian Michel have sold their fourth interest in the steamer Tom Stevens to Fred. Dozier for $1,000—Captain Dozier is now sole owner. The steamer Tom Morgan, from Leavenworth is at St. Louis, and has been sold as follows: Tom Morgan, T. J. Barker and J. L. Hall, sell the entire boat to S. G. Norris and others, for $4,000. She may play in some of the lower streams, although we have heard of Osage River as her destination.

—The Annie Laurie, recently sunk in Kanawha River, was raised on Friday last and taken to Malden. A meeting of stockholders interested in the boat has been called, to determine what will be done with her. She will probably be repaired.

—The Burlington *Argus*, of Friday evening, says the steamer Miner, Capt. Milo Pruden, on her way to Skunk River railroad bridge, on Thursday, while going up Skunk River, ran afoul of a snag, which sunk her in five minutes. She had on a load of piling, which she was taking to the new bridge being built for the Fort Madison Railroad. There was about twelve feet of water, and her bow is about three feet under, while her stern is still above water. It is supposed that a breach of some fifteen or eighteen feet was made.

—The new steamer Science has entered the Wheeling and Matamoras trade, in command of Captain Phil. Anshutz.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 16.—8 cars iron ore, Superior Iron Co; 11 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 3 do do, Hailman & Hammet; 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 400 sks flour, owner; 100 bbls flour, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 7 bbls liquor, J O'Connor; 54 bbls whisky, Little & Mechling; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 100 bbls do owner; 20 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 36 do do, J A Graff; 16 bbls pearls, F Doty; 2 cases cheese, J Heck; 1 keg butter, 37 bbls eggs, W H Graff & Co; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 9 bbls eggs, 3 do bacon, H Rea Jr; 30 bbls eggs, 4 kgs lard, Day & Co; 10 bbls dry peaches, Haworth & Dewhurst; 15 bbls lard, F Sellers & Co; 10 bxs cheese, R Robison & Co; 20 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 12 do do, W M Gormley; 15 do do, Jas Connor; 1 car potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 18 sks rags, Pgh Paper Co; 30 do do, McCullough, Smith & Co; 16 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark; 100 bbls carbon oil, W E Coulter; 10 bbls flour, L J Blanchard; 1 car staves, McClure & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 16.—2 cars Champlain ore, Bryan & C; 1 do lumber, Union Planing Mills; 3 do copper, Park, M & Co; 7 masses do, 800 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 200 do do, Watt, L & Co; 100 do do, J W Simpson; 179 hides, D Chestnut; 249 sks oats, J & W Fairley; 2 cars stone, J L L Knox; 1 do wheat, Liggett & Co; 240 sks oats, 6 bbls oatmeal, Strickler & M; 10 bxs tobacco, C C Baer; 50 cases bitters, Fahnestock & Co; 25 bxs starch, Rinehart & S; 3 sks rags, Haworth & D; 13 do rye, M'Bane & Anjer.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 16.—1080 bbls oil, Owsten & Sowers; 283 do do, Jas Wilkins; 326 do do, Waring, King & Co; 900 do do, Fisher & Bro; 216 do do, D M Edgerton; 240 do do, Fairview Works; 160 do do, G S Thomas; 40 bgs rye, Welsh & Co; 1 car metal, 4 do cinder, Rees, Graff & Dull; 9 cars railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 68 hides, H & A Friend; 2 bbls cider, W M Gormly; 51 sks rye, Keil & Ritchart; 15 do oats, Adams & Austin; 3 bbls eggs, Bruggeman & O'Brien; 1 car grain, Bingham & Laing.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 16.—2 cars lime, Gillespie & Co; 2 cars limestone, G & S Moul; 6 do do, Superior Iron Co; 1 box tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 18 hides, Lappe & Weise; 13 sks rags, J B Jones; 750 pigs lead, Fahnestock, Haslett & Co; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 1 car staves, J M Hemphill; 18 sks oats, John Herbert; 2 cars iron ore, Rogers & Burchfield; 10 bbls flour, E M Jenkins; 1 car iumber, J Gregg.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 16.—2 cars staves, W Hasting; 100 bbls flour; Shomaker & L; 754 splice bars, Wood & Co; 3 bbls soap, Clark & Co; 15 sks potatoes, J C Vincent: 3 bbls apples, 1 do eggs. F G Craighead; 8 rolls leather, J Hopkins; 5 bbls eggs, J A Graff.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR GALENA, DUBUQUE, ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS—The steamer MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE DEAN. Jas. Russell, clerk, will leave as above on FRIDAY, June 18th.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. je16 or GHRIEST, SWANEY & CO., Agents.

LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The steamer MAGGIE HAYS.....Capt. B. C. MARTIN. Will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, June 16th, at 5 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. or GHRIEST & SWANEY, Agents. je 6

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....G. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF LONDON, CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr. 70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building, Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. DeCAMP,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh18

JOHN A. STRAIN,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 112 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Lega Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

A. AMMON,
Justice of the Peace,
CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM. Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, 116 Diamond Street,
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:y44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 98 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA

SLATE.
ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS
Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address
J. S. NEWMYER,
No. 43 Seventh Avenue,
mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD
No. 100 Third Avenue,
Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD
NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:j93

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
AARON MILLER, Proprietor.
S my21:j94

FLOUR.
The celebrated WHITE ROSE is conceded by all who have tried it to be the best and cheapest flour in the city. Give it a trial. Sold by
By MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, P
my14

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS
FOR THE
SALE OF PROPERTY
AT THE
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Sealed propoosals will be received at the Treasury Department, until THURSDAY, the first day of JULY, at 12 o'clock M, addressed to the General Superintendent, Treasury Buildings, for the sale of the following property:

First class paper machine, built by John L. Seaverns, Worcester, Mass.

166-inch Fourdrinier machine, screen vat, and all necessary fixtures complete.

3 patent suction boxes.

First and second press rolls made of brass; six (6) dryers.

3 calendar rolls with three (3) winders, with size box attached.

1 set of slitters and size rolls.

1 laboy and all necessary shafting and hangers complete, with belting and gearing attached to same.

1 paper calendar with five (5) rolls, belting, and all necessary fixtures.

2 beating engines, 42 inch knives, two (2) washers to each, and all necessary shafting and belting complete.

5 hydraulic presses for pressing paper, with pump and piping attached.

1 new felt for dryers.

1 tuff chest with pulleys and shafting complete

2 large bleach tubs, and four (4) drainers.

3 rotary pumps.

2 double acting pumps with 90 feet galvanized pipe.

1 large rotary bleach of iron.

1 steam engine and boiler, thirty (30) horse power.

1 steam engine and boiler, fifteen (15) horse power, Woodruff & Beach.

Bids will be made separately for paper machines, steam engines with boilers and rotary bleach.

Bids will be recieved for all or any portion of the following articles:

1 steam engine with portable boiler, (55 horse power,) all necessary connections and pipes attached.

1 steam engine with boiler, (55 horse power,) connections and pipes attached.

16 hydraulic pumps, frames, connections, supply boxes, and pipes attached.

4 upright walking beam engines four (4) hydraulic pumps to each, all necessary pipes attached.

Hoe engine and boiler ten (10) horse.

1 hydraulic ram, valves and connections.

53 hydraulic presses.

1 boiler thirty (30) horse

1 foot engine and boiler (10) horse.

1 steam engine six (6) horse, and upright boiler.

1 donkey pump "Woodward."

1 steam engine fifty-five (55) horse, (new.)

2 steam engines, each four (4) horse.

1 cancelling machine.

1 mucilage machine.

1 numbering machine.

1 small band wheel.

1 Dagner press

1 "Little Giant" engine and boiler, thirty (30) horse.

2 envelope machines and cutter belonging to same.

4 paper mills, complete.

3 Bozard's ink mills.

Cast iron plates, a large quantity.

6 large Gordon presses.

6 small Gordon presses.

1 cancelling machine.

36 old hydrostatic press tops, about 3,400 pounds each

100 brass columns, (wrought iron) 600 pounds each.

Quantity of old cast-iron pipes.

Quantity of scrap iron.

75 casks resin.

19 casks alum.

17 tierces and 4 barrels glue.

Quantity of soda ash.

600 pounds of bronze.

Bids will also be received at the same time for waste paper, belonging to the Treasury Department, for one year from July 1, 1869, together with a quantity on hand.

The paper will be selected into two different kinds, white and mixed, together with a quantity of dried pulp now on hand, for which bids will be received separately, and the contract awarded to the highest bidder, taken as a whole.

The Department reserves the right to reject all or any portion of the bids received.

All articles to be removed fifteen (15) days after sale.

GEO. C. RICE,
General Superintendent Treasury Buildings.
JUNE 10, 1869. jn17:j53

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT
RIP-RAP DAMS
AND
RIVER EXCAVATION.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the U. S. Engineer's Office in Pittsburgh, Pa., until 6 o'clock P. M. of WEDNESDAY, June 30th, 1869 for quarrying and delivering stone on the river bank, and loading, transporting and putting in dams, including a sufficient quantity of brush at points where needed. Also for river excavation of gravel.

The stone for the dams to be generally four to five cubic feet, and not less than one cubic foot each. Bids to be made by the cubic yard. The work to be commenced forthwith. Ten per centum of the monthly estimates of work done will be reserved as security, and bidders must accompany their proposals with the names of two sureties. Blank forms will be furnished on application at this office, to be filled up by the bidders.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, if it shall be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so.

Place	Distance below Pittsb'g	Cubic Yards of Stone or Stone and Brush.	Cubic Yards of River Excavation.
	Miles		Gravel.
Wheeling Isl.	90		2,000
Buffington.....	214		4,000
Medoc and Belev's bay....	485	6,500	
Rising Sun.....	501	5,500	5,000
Warsaw.....	524½	7,000	2,000

By command of Brig. General A. A. HUMPHREYS, Chief of Engineers of the Army of the United States.
W. MILNOR ROBERTS,
U. S. Civil Engineer, in charge of Ohio River improvements.
PITTSBURGH, PA., June 15, 1869.
je16:k52

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, June 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS for grading, paving and curbing 48th street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river;

Beach alley, from Pride to Miltenberger street.
Spring alley, from 21st to 25th street.
Spruce alley, from 24th to 25th street.
Liberty street, from Haslett street to the Pike.
Sixteenth street, from Pike street to Bridge.
St. Patricks alley, from Marion to Miltenberger.
Liberty street, from 31st to 33d street.
Penn street, from 31st to 33d street.

Also, for laying a clay pipe sewer (2) two feet in diameter, on Fourth avenue, from Smithfield street to Cherry alley, will be received at this office until TUESDAY, June 22d, 1869.

Blanks for bidding and specifications can be had at this office.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, and no bill considered unless made out on blanks from this office.

H. J. MOORE,
je15:k42 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, June 15, 1869.

NOTICE.—Sealed Proposals for numbering houses on Butler street, from 33d to 50th street, will be received at this office until MONDAY, June 21st, 1869. For specifications and method of numbering, call at this office.

H. J. MOORE,
je15:k47 City Engineer.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
PHELAN'S BUILDING,
No. 32 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley,	H. W. Oliver, jr.,	Capt. M. Bailey,
Dan'l Wallace,	S. H. Hartman,	A. Chambers,
Jake Hill,	S. M. Clarkson,	Jas. M. Bailey.
Thomas Smith,	Jno. S. Willock,	

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.
ap2:g67

PICKLES.—25 barrels prime Pickles, for sale by
J. B. GANFIELD.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex	1:58 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex	12:03 p m
Cl. & Whg M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex	4:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:28 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday church.	9:58 a m

Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily. 12:03 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily. 12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent. J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't. my10

CHANGE OF TIME.
ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.	Semi-Weekly.	Weekly.
One year...$8,00	One year..$2.50	Single copy..$1.50
One month 75	Six mos.. 1.50	5 copies, each 1.25
By one week 15 (fromcarrier.)	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 and one to Agent.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE.
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris. Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: General Miscellany of Interesting Reading Matter.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86@86¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 138.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 47f.

THE Evening *Mail* of this city nominates Mr. JAMES L. GRAHAM, of Allegheny, for gubernatorial honors at the hands of the Republican party.

OVER six thousand emigrants are on their way to our country from Liverpool. We have plenty of room to accommodate all who come to seek their fortunes in the New World.

THE liberal minded and consistent Irishmen of the country are to hold a Convention at Chicago on the 5th proximo, in favor of Universal Suffrage, Protection, and Irish liberty in Ireland.

THE coal miners of Schuylkill county, after a protracted strike, have concluded to resume work, fearing that their continued idleness might lead to the repeal of the tariff on coal, as in all probability it would.

THE Board of Trustees, of Washington and Jefferson College, have determined to go on and complete the amended charter, by transferring to Washington all the various departments. A President will be chosen in August next.

IT IS authoritively denied that A. T. STEWART has embraced the Catholic faith. If he chooses to be charitable in that direction by making munificent donations to the good Sisters of Charity it is no sign that he believes in the religion they profess. A good man can worship God in his own way and do good for all who do the same without joining or abandoning any particular belief.

BUTLER COUNTY POLITICS.—The following is the Republican ticket nominated in Butler county on last Saturday: Sheriff, H. D. Thompson; Prothonotary, Major C. E. Anderson; Clerk of Courts, J. Burtner; Register and Recorder, G. W. Kneiss; Treasurer, John Hamil; Commissioner, J. G. Campbell; for Legislator, Hon. A. Leslie was nominated. Mr. Leslie was the member from this county last year.

THE Grand Peace Jubilee, a Boston idea, has attracted thousands of visitors to the New England metropolis. So far as attendance is concerned the occasion is already a success, and there is little room for doubting that the musical event will form the theme for conversation for years to come. We can imagine no more pleasing sight under heaven than that which Boston to-day presents with the commingling multitudes drawn from all parts of the country to participate in a feast of peace, love and harmony.

COMPETENT seamstresses seem to be in demand in every city in the country. It is almost impossible to find a family which does not complain of the difficulty encountered in having summer clothes made up. Thousands of women could earn their daily bread in this country by learning this trade alone, and going about from house to house, by which means, if they really know the business, they could be sure of constant and honorable employment.

MUCH attention is being paid to an old feature in the State Government of Vermont, which, although peculiar, has its merits. Every seven years a Council of Censors is chosen, in a manner enabling the minority in politics to be represented. The duty of the Censors is to have an overseeing care for the interests of the Commonwealth, and inquire into the acts of the Legislature, thus throwing a safeguard about the people and preventing corrupt practices on the part of the public servants.

OUR METHODIST friends throughout the North are just now engaged in taking a vote on the subject of Lay Delegation. From present indications the question will be decided by an overwhelming majority in the affirmative. One of the amusing features of the election is the great difficulty experienced in getting young ladies who have turned twenty-one years to come forward, assert their age and exercise the prerogative of the ballot. The ladies all like to appear much younger than they really are, and are not so unwise as to put their ages publicly on record. In one of our churches a spinster known to have passed three decades blushingly refused to vote, inasmuch as she had not attained the requisite age of twenty-one! If so much diffiidence is manifested by the ladies in developing their ages at their own churches, we are inclined to believe that when female suffrage is the law of the land there will be very few of the weaker sex to embrace themselves of the privilege of voting on age.

THE Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company have presented to the City Councils a petition praying for the right to lay a track from Water street through to Liberty street by way of Cherry alley, in order to make connection with the Eastern and Western railroads. The Railroad Committee, to which the petition was consigned, yesterday regarded it favorably and appointed a Sub-Committee to frame an ordinance granting the privilege sought. That road has the entire sympathy of the public. All desire that its interests and welfare be promoted. All are anxious that no impediment be placed in its way; that it shall have a fair field of competition with more monied and oppulent rival corporations. But, notwithstanding all that, the granting of the right of way through an obscure and worthless alley or roadway of the city, which crosses no less than seven important and much traveled thoroughfares, is a very important proposition and must be dealt with in a careful manner by the members of our city assembly. Egress is imperatively demanded for the road from the city, which, by force of circumstances, is its present terminus. If the "cut" is the best it can propose, let it have endorsement; if some more convenient route is suggested whereby connection can be made and an outlet secured, the members of Council are bound to protect the city interests, and prevent the dissection of streets by railway tracks. Before action is taken doubtless the case will be made out, and whatever decision those entrusted with the best interests of the city will arrive at, will be heartily and cordially endorsed by all citizens.

A PREVAILING EPIDEMIC.

A year ago America was anticipating the advent of the Asiatic Cholera, and extraordinary precautions were taken by the municipal authorities of most of the towns throughout the country to prevent the dreaded disease from becoming epidemic. A year has passed by and we find that those precautions were effective, and also that the number of deaths from cholera was largely exceeded by those by suicide. A contemplation of the statistics, of self murder during the past year, is absolutely frightful and naturally gives rise to the question: can nothing be done to lessen this growing evil? The law, we believe, regards every suicide as, self-evidently, a lunatic, and public precautions against lunacy are not easily taken; but it is remarkable that a large number of the recent suicides have been young people, who had not yet arrived at bodily or mental maturity. Romance and hero-worship prevails more during the early period of life than at any other, and the glowing accounts of ghastly deeds of self-murder, which appear from time to time in the newspapers, as well as the startling pictures which disfigure the illustrated journals, of a certain class, undoubtedly have a baneful effect on many weak minded persons, in many cases perhaps leading them to emulate a similar notoriety. Some European governments have forbidden the publication of sensational accounts of any instances of self-murder, and have been rewarded by a noticeable decrease in the number of suicides. Where governments cannot act in these premises, combined private philanthropic action might be substituted. The subject is certainly of importance enough to challenge attention and consideration.

DEVELOPMENTS.

EDWARD A. POLLARD is busily engaged in the preparation of his forthcoming "Life of JEFERSON DAVIS," and from advance sheets obtained we are of the opinion that the work will prove a fair exposition of the secret doings and complications of the ex-President and his Cabinet during the rebellion. Mr. POLLARD, in photographing the condition of affairs both North and South immediately prior to the assembling of the Chicago Democratic Convention, asserts that the Confederates hopefully viewed the progress of political events in the North and derived encouragement from the bitter controversies of the enemy, hoping that the great popular dissent might result beneficially in the end to the cause of the South. The division in the North against the united South, the author holds, reduced the odds against the latter, as statistically shown by the census, and placed both countries nearer an equality than supposed. The Democratic party of the North had disturbed the public sentiment so necessary to prosecute the war, and had drawn one-half of the people to its side on the question of the prosecution of hostilities—arraying themselves against the war, and from this fact strength was derived by the Confederate leaders, who used it to reinspire with hope their followers.

In 1864 the prospects of the Confederacy were rosy and brilliant. Its confident armies held firm positions and were well commanded, and the intelligent Southerners watched with hopeful eyes the progress of political affairs in the North. This jubilant spirit was strengthened when Gen. MCCLELLAN was placed in nomination for the Presidency by the Democratic Convention, which likewise reached the climax of opposition to the war in resolving that it was a failure.

We adopt the author's own words in referring to the action of the Chicago Convention, and ask careful consideration on the part of our readers for the concise statements he makes:

Scarcely any Northern man of any political persuasion, outside of fanaticism, doubted that if Johnson defeated Sherman, or that if he even held his own—in short, that if the South accomplished mere *negative* results, in holding Richmond and Atlanta—the, peace party which was at this time the whole Democratic party, would come into power, turn the war into a Convention of States, and decide there the claims of the South, which, it was a foregone conclusion and a logical necessity could not be less than independence. Mr. Davis could not fail to perceive the significance of the Chicago Convention, and was certainly intelligent enough to understand the condition of parties in the North. He had private correspondents in that Convention. Indeed it is well known that during the entire war, Mr. Davis maintained secret communications with many distinguished Northern politicians, generally those of the Democratic party. The letters and documents he received from them were so numerous that they were kept in a special, private archive, entitled the Presidential Bureau of Correspondence. These confidences were kept from Congress, and even from his Cabinet; few persons in Richmond ever knew of the existence of such a bureau; no curiosity hunter was ever admitted to its papers; and so anxious was Mr. Davis to conceal them that it is a curious fact that, some days before the surrender of Richmond, he had them conveyed to a secret place, where they are yet supposed to be safely deposited. In this "under-ground correspondence" Mr. Davis had been well informed of the Chicago Convention: that "it meant peace for the North and independence for the South," as a distinguished gentleman of New England wrote him, and that all there was of doubt of the success of the Chicago nominees depended on the success of his own administration at Richmond.

These developments will hardly surprise Republicans; they cannot much astonish Democrats. Made as they are by one intimately connected with the Confederate Government during the rebellion, they assume an authorative shape, and crystalize the charges time and time again made against the Democratic party to like effect, but met defiantly by its leaders and contradicted. Had it not been for the secret and open treachery of that political organization during the war, the conflict would have been drawn to a close much earlier, and thousands of lives and millions of money been saved on both sides. Had General MCCLELLAN been elected to the Presidency, and the party he represented been restored to power, the results to the country, calamities averted by a kind Providence, would have been fearfully disastrous. Instead of a triumphant peace and a re-united country, we should have had a degrading sacrifice of national honor and an irreparably divided country; instead of one flag sheltering a free people and free institutions, we should have had two banners on our soil, with happiness under neither; instead of universal liberty throughout our broad lands, we should have presented to the civilized world the spectacle of a section of our country dedicated to the vilest form of aristocracy with slavery as its fast-placed corner-stone. The American people cannot too earnestly thank God that all these things were ruled otherwise, that the wicked and disloyal of the North triumphed not in the memorable election of 1864, which was the turning point of the rebellion, and, that while brave armies faced the foe in the field, tenacity and strength were given those at home to cling to principle and stand by the Government to baffle the wiles and machinations of the fully developed Democratic traitors in the North, who were worse enemies to the Union than those in the military ranks openly waging war against it under the banner of treason.

Fire this Morning—Conway's Bakery Destroyed.

This morning, near three o'clock, a fire broke out in the steamboat bakery of John Conway & Co., on Second avenue, a few doors below Market street. The building was of brick, two stories in height, and contained valuable machinery, together with a large stock of flour. Alarm was sounded from box No. 4, but although the engines responded promptly and labored energetically, the building and its contents was destroyed. The building, we understand, was insured, but we could not ascertain the amount. It was owned by Mr. J. B. Dunlevy. Mr. Dunlevy's house on one side, and Fulton's bell foundry on the other, were in great danger, but fortunately did not take fire.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE CONNELSVILLE RAILROAD.

The Company Want the Right of Way Through the City to Make Western Connections—Meeting of the Railroad Committee of Councils—Remarks of President Hughart—Action of the Committee.

The Railroad Committee of City Councils to whom was referred a petition signed by numerous business men and citizens, requesting Councils to grant the Connellsville Railroad Company, the right of way through the city, from the present terminus of the line to some point near Liberty and Canal streets, so as to enable them to connect with the Western Railroad lines, met yesterday, Wednesday, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Mayor's Office, to consider the petition.

Members of the Committee present were: Messrs. Wainwright, Case, Kirk, Edwards, Seiferth, Kremer, Pearson, Jamison, Gerner, Gildenfenny and W. N. Ogden, Chairman.

Mr. Ogden stated the object for which the meeting had been called, and read the following communication:

PITTSBURGH, May 31, 1869.

To the Honorable, the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh:

The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, having made arrangements for communication with Western lines, respectfully asks the passage of an ordinance in relation to the use of some street for its route across the city. The Company would respectfully suggest that a track can be laid down upon Cherry alley without altering the grade, which for the present would answer this purpose. Although it would be less convenient to the Company, yet it is sincerely believed that this route would cause less annoyance to the city than any other which has been as yet suggested.

The petition of a large number of citizens is handed herewith.

For the Company.

WM. O. HUGHART, President.

Accompanying the above communication were five petitions praying for the privileges asked by the Company. These petitions are signed by three hundred and fifty of our leading friends, merchants, manufacturers and others who represent the principal portion of the business capital in the city.

Mr. Case moved that Mr. Hughart, President of the Company, who was present, be heard, and the motion was carried unanimously.

MR. HUGHART'S REMARKS.

Mr. Hughart said he would try in a few words to explain what were the needs of the Connellsville Railroad Company. All were aware of the difficulty under which the Company had labored since the road was built, and he would not refer to them at length. President Hughart then entered into a brief history of the road, refering to the litigation in which the Company had been engaged, and its present standing with the city regarding the same. He spoke of the generous treatment they had received from the city of Baltimore, which had waived the first mortgage of a million dollars held by that city against the road, in order to facilitate its prosperity. He contended that the city of Pittsburgh was more deeply interested in establishing the competing route proposed by the Company than any city in the Union—its interests were equal if not paramount to those of the Company itself.

All the Connellsville Railroad Company ask is a route through the city by which it may be enabled to compete with other lines. If this were accomplished, although not a pound of freight or a passenger passed over the line, it would result in incalculably benefitting our business community, because it would control the rates on other lines.

A competing line is valuable just in proportion to its strength. If the Connellsville road had western connections, and possessed rolling stock that would enable it to move an immense amount of freight, just in that proportion would it be valuable to the city. The strength of a railway consists mainly in its rolling stock, where it has through connections. Herein lies the power of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the greatest road in the world. He referred to the period, not many years ago, when this company could not supply the demand upon it by shippers. Every business man could remember the time when he was compelled to wait for days before he could make a shipment, owing to the scarcity of freight cars. As well would all remember other inconveniences experienced because there was no competing line. Cars were loaded in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, passed through Pittsburgh, through freight always having the preference.

Mr. Hughart next adverted to the large grants with which the Pennsylvania road had been favored, and asked what, in comparison, had been done for his unfortunate line? It had been kept back under a hill for years, without a prospect for an outlet. In all the dealings between the Connellsville Railroad Company and the city of Pittsburgh, the Company had studied the convenience of both parties; and now the Company were willing to accept any proposition from the city that would afford them a western connection. At the time of asking for a route through the city, by way of Cherry alley, the Company had in view an arrangement with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company. By the recent change of circumstances regarding that Company, such arrangement was now no longer possible. An arrangement had been made, however, with the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, which would render the Cherry alley route almost equally desirable. The shipments of coal from along the line of the Connellsville road, to Cleveland, and the bringing back of lake ore, an article that was in great demand with our iron men, was one of the considerations in favor of the proposed route.

The Company had suggested the Cherry alley route as the most feasible route through the city. If Councils would propose some other outlet, the Company were ready to accept it. In view of the privileges granted to other Companies, Councils should not refuse to grant this one. If Councils would say they would cause all other Railroad Companies to take up their tracks, and not allow a track to remain on a street of the city, the Connellsville Company would be content to move back into the country. All they asked was fair play and equal priviliges to all. They only asked permission to lay a temporary track along Cherry alley and a permanent track along Water street, to the Point, with a view to future progress by means of a bridge at the confluence of the two rivers. In conclusion, President Hughart said if the Councils could suggest any line, at a reasonable expense, that would better suit the convenience of the city, the Company were prepared to adopt it. Mr. Latrobe, an experienced engineer, had designated Cherry alley as the most feasible route, but if another and better could be found, it would be satisfactory.

The following communication was then read by the Chairman. It is also from President Hughart, on behalf of the Company, proposing an amendment to the suggestion contained in the first:

"The Company respectfully amends the suggestion made to Councils, and asks that the ordinance define the police and other proper regulations, not only for the temporary use of Cherry alley, but also for the permanent use of so much of Water street as may enable it to reach a bridge to be erected at the Point for the purpose of making its Western and Northwestern connections. They respectfully ask that this Company, in regard to the use of streets, is admitted to have similar rights to those possessed by other companies; that your regulations be no more stringent than those imposed upon them."

Mr. Case offered a resolution authorizing the appointment, by the Chairman, of a Sub-Committee of Three, to prepare a report favoring the privileges asked by the Company, said Sub-Committee to prepare a report for the consideration of this Committee at its next meeting.

Mr. Kirk offered the following as an amendment: That the Sub-Committee of Three report an ordinance on the subject, to be submitted for the consideration of this Committee at its next meeting.

The amendment was carried, and Messrs. Case, Kirk and Edwards appointed in conjunction with the City Solicitor to report an ordinance granting the right of way over the routes designated in the petition.

The Committee then adjourned to meet at the call of the Sub-Committee.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterret.

WEDNESDAY, June 16.—The jury in the case of William Johnson, indicted for larceny, reported yesterday, returned a verdict of guilty, and recommended the prisoner to the mery of the Court.

In the case of the City of Allegheny vs. John A. Strain, an appeal from the decison of Mayor Drum, of Allegheny, in a case of alleged disorderly conduct, His Honor, Judge Stowe, delivered an opinion, which we publish in full in another column.

Mary Neno, indicted for assault and battery, was placed on trial. The jury failed to agree and were discharged.

The same defendant was indicted for the larceny of a pig, in which case the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

An information for surety of the peace against the same defendant was disposed of by holding her in her own recognizance in the sum of $300 to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. James O'Hara This was an indictment for assault and battery, in which the mother of defendant was prosecutrix. It appears that defendant is insane, and that at times is so violent as to be beyond the control of his friends, and the information was made with a view of bringing the case before the court in order to have defendant sent to some place of safety. The jury found that the defendant was insane, and by reason of such insanity not guilty of the offence charged. He was remanded to jail, and the case will be disposed of on Saturday.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. S. T. Miller, indicted for larceny, William Whitlesy prosecutor. The accused kept a boarding house in the Twelfth ward, where it appears the prosecutor boarded, and on or about the 29th of May last he alleges that the defendant came into his room while he was in bed and took from his pants pocket a pocket book containing $47.

The Commonwealth rested their case on the evidence of the prosecutor, who testified that he saw the accused come into the room and take the money out of his pocket and count it over.

The defence relied mainly upon the good character of the defendant, which was fully established, and discrepancies in statements made by the prosecutor prior to the trial. Jury out.

Jacob Robinson, indicted for seduction and *fornex. et cel*, on information of Elizabeth Ann Jones, was next placed on trial. The parties are colored and both quite young. The count for seduction was abandoned and the case was on trial when court adjourned.

John Haigh, convicted of assault and battery, was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs of prosecution.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

129. Com. vs. John Murdock.
130. " Stewart Sampson.
131. " Jas. Hays and Thos. Smith.
132. " David Campbell.
133. " Ellen Reiley.
134. " John Lutterlie and Christian Lutterlie.
139. " Andrew Barker.
140. " Archibald Lawson.
142. " John S. Johns.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, June 16.—The case of Kirk vs. Snowden & Son, previously reported is still on trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

December List.

67. King vs. Howley.

January List.

123. Laughlin vs. Burns et al.
63. Vanderhorn vs. Yellow Creek Iron Co.
93. Mellon Bros. vs. Moundfield.
92. Heisel vs. Mitchell.
96. Anderson vs. Alpert, Hill & Co.
97. Hartman & Lare vs. Finch.
98. Noll vs. Waldschmidt.
103. Ferguson vs. McNish et al.
104. Rohe vs. Rothschild.
105. Owens vs. Robb & Herron.
1. Roberts vs. McGraw & Son.

Child Murder—An Infant Disposed Of—Business for the Coroner.

Last evening about six o'clock word was brought to the Allegheny Mayor's office that the body of an infant had been discovered in a cess pool connected with the premises on the corner of Veto street and Geyer alley, Second ward. A couple of officers repaired to the spot and succeeded in rescuing the body, which proved to be that of a male child apparently but a few hours old. Further investigation fastened suspicion upon a widow named Cabel, an inmate of the, house as the mother of the child. She was lying sick in bed when the officer visited the place, and a physican was summoned, who, after an examination, corroborated the suspicions. The woman is about thirty years of age, and is employed as servant in a family in another part of the city. Her brother, who is a married man, occupies the upper part of the house mentioned, and she has been accustomed to visit him quite frequently. She came on Tuesday afternoon and was taken sick, which prevented her return. From several indications the other occupants of the house, aside from her relatives, suspected something wrong and kept a watch on affairs, which resulted in the discovery named. A guard was placed around the house and word sent to the Coroner. An inquest will be held on the remains to-day, when the whole matter will be fully investigated.

The Fourth of July.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The impression having been created that the *entire* German population of the two cities favor the celebration of the approaching Fourth of July, on Sunday, we protest against such interpretation, assuring you that there is a large class of our German fellow-citizens who entirely disapprove of the step proposed by some of their countrymen. MANY GERMANS.

The National Holiday—Its Celebration by the Germans—Grand Procession, Music, Speeches, etc.

The committee appointed at a meeting of our German citizens to make arrangements for the celebration of the "Fourth" held a meeting at Turner's Hall last evening, to discuss the matter. C. F. Bauer, Esq., was chosen Permanent Chairman, Mr. John Froelich Secretary, and Mr. Henry Knoebel Treasurer, of the Committee.

After considerable discussion, Allegheny was chosen as the District, but the location for the main stand was not decided upon, the Committee desiring to consult with the authorities before proceeding further in this direction.

It was decided to form the procession in three divisions, the first from Pittsburgh, the second from Allegheny, and the third from the South Side.

The divisions, when formed in line, will all meet at Turners' Hall, at two o'clock Sunday afternoon, and after parading through the principal streets of both cities, (over a route which will be decided upon hereafter,) will halt at the central stand, where the literary exercises will take place.

Each division will be preceded by a band and commanded by its own officers, under the direction of a Chief Marshal. This officer has not been appointed yet.

A cordial invitation is to be extended to all English societies to participate in the celebration. Especial care will be taken in all the arrangements to make the affair orderly and respectable in every particular.

At the main stand the exercises will consist of singing patriotic songs, instrumental music by the choirs of the different societies, reading of the Declaration of Independence, and addresses.

The Chairman was instructed to communicate with General Carl Shurz, and endeavor to engage him to deliver the oration.

Messrs. Wm. Rapp, of Baltimore, and Josiah Cohen, of this city, were suggested as speakers should Gen. Shurz fail to come.

Another meeting will be held on Tuesday evening at the same place.

Drunk and Drowned.

[Correspondence of the the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, June 15, 1869.

Yesterday three young men, named John Gaden, Joe Young and —— Wooley, who were spending their time loafing about New Brighton, Beaver Falls and Fallston, managed to get drunk, and while on the way from Beaver Falls to Fallston, acting the fool, of course, Gaden and Young fell into the race that conducts the water from the lower dam to the mills at Fallston.

It seems Wooley assisted them what he could, and Young was gotten out, but Gaden was drowned. The unfortunate young man was about eighteen years old. His father was looking for him, to have him go to work, and found him drowned. His home was in Fallston, about half a mile from the fatal spot.

So this monster vice *intemperance* destroys his victims, one after another. This is the third in this vicinity within about two weeks. Where, when, and how it ends! C.

Captured at Last.

About three years ago a horse was stolen from Bailey Mitchell, a resident of Connellsville. A. C. Siegrist was suspected of the theft, and information made against him to that effect. In the meantime Siegrist had started out on his travels, and reached Cincinnati, where, it is said, he received a check, in the shape of a commitment, to the Ohio Penitentiary for a three years' term. This, it is said, explains his absence and the manner in which he eluded the vigilance of the officers, who were in search of him for the alleged horse stealing. Officer Wilmot kept a lookout for him, and finally had his persevering efforts crowned with success in the capture of the man in Canonsburg, Washington county, on Tuesday. He arrived here this morning about one o'clock and lodged the prisoner in the lock-up.

DEATH FROM A RUPTURE.

To give a timely warning to those who are suffering from any of those protrusions denominated hernia or rupture, should be regarded as an act, not only of kindness, but even of duty. Especially is this the case when so many of our fellow-citizens are suffering from an ailment so little understood, and so often fatal to human life. We do not know of a more serious condition than that which is denominated rupture, no matter in what part of the body it exhibits itself. Rupture is a lesion of almost always a serious character, and whether in men, women or children, can be securely retained to its proper place by the adjustment of a properly fitted truss. Dr. KEYSER, AT HIS GREAT MEDICINE STORE, NO. 167 LIBERTY STREET, has always in store every variety and form of the best trusses and appliances for the retention, alleviation and cure of this now common ailment. What man or woman will linger through life, with the danger constantly staring them in the face, and the fear of strangulated and incarcerated hernia, when the means of relief are so easily accessible and the prospect of relief so certain and infallible? The prospects of a cure in most cases of rupture are much more certain than formerly, and the appliances for that purpose of a much superior kind than those formerly used. In the rupture of children, nearly every case is sure to get well, and when they fail to do so it is because of ill-fitted or inadequate trusses. It behooves every one, therefore, who has any ailment of this kind to seek the best means afforded and thus secure immunity from so formidable a disease.

For sale all kinds of mechanical appliances for broken veins, hydrocele, prolapsus uteri and piles. Also, shoulder braces, urinal syringes, bed pans and all kinds of the best medicines in use, at Dr. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 LIBERTY STREET, or at the Doctor's consulting rooms, No. 120 Penn street, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. Dr. Keyser will be at his Liberty street office for free consultation every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 4 until 6 P. M.

HOME QUESTIONS FOR THE SICKLY AND DEBILITATED.

Is it worth while to endure penal torture after every meal, when indigestion can be immediately relieved and permanently cured by so agreeable a remedy as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS?

Does it pay to be compelled by debility and languor to abandon active business, when brain, nerve and muscle can be braced up, and the whole system restored to a healthy condition by a course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Why approach the dinner table daily with a positive disgust for all that is savory and delicious, when a vigorous appetite for even the plainest fare is created by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Is it wise to live in this bright world as if it were a dungeon, gloomy, discontented and miserable, when the worst case of hypochondria can be cured in a week by such a pleasant and wholesome examplane as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Can it be possible that any person of bilious habit will run the risk of remittent fever or bilious colic, when he can tone and regulate the great secretive organ with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Is it not a species of moral insanity for any merchant, farmer, mechanic or traveler to be without the best known antidote to the effects of poisoned air and impure water, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Considering the harrassing and depressing nature of the functional derangements to which woman is subject, it not astonishing that any invalid of the feebler sex should hesitate to seek the certain relief afforded in such cases, by the genial operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

These are questions of deeper interest than any of the political dogmas of the day, and those whom they concern are invited to give them something more than a passing thought.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WARREN AND VENANGO OIL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Warren and Venango Oil Company, for the election of President, Directors and other officers, will be held at the office of J. S. FERGUSON, Attorney at Law, No. 87 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on MONDAY, June 28th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Board.
Je17:k58 J. S. FERGUSON, Clerk.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Oil Company have declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, payable forthwith.
Je17:k61 HENRY KLEBER, Secretary.

THE CITIZENS OF THE Second ward, Allegheny, are requested to meet at the SCHOOL HOUSE, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 17th inst., at 7½ o'clock, to take action on the election for Common Councilman to fill the unexpired term of John Kirkpatrick, Esq., resigned.
Je16 28 WARD COMMITTEE

THERE WILL BE A PUBLIC MEETING

In the Lecture Room of the SECOND U. P. CHURCH, Allegheny, (Dr. J. B. Clark's,)

On Thursday Evening, June 17,

To consider the propriety of making an effort to prevent the public desecration of the Sabbath.
All who are opposed to the proposed demonstration on the coming Fourth of July are invited to be present. Je16:k54

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FIFTH NIGHT OF

Miss JEAN HOSMER.

The tragic drama of

THE POISONER OF VENICE.

Miss HOSMER as.....LUCRETIA BORGIA.

To conclude with the Opera of LA FILLE DU REGIMENT. Mr. Morton Price as Scalade. Miss Lucette as Josephine.

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. Je17

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between WM. BARNHILL & LEVI BRENNEMAN has been dissolved by mutual agreement. The business will be continued at the old place, Nos. 23, 24 and 26 Penn street, by

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

Who are Prepared to Execute Orders for

BOILERS, STILLS, TANKS, &C.,

In a Prompt and Workmanlike Manner.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

GIVEN TO REPAIRS.
Je17:k52

TO LOAN.

$10,000

ON FIRST CLASS MORTGAGE, CITY PROPERTY. Apply at

MORGAN & ROBERTS',

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

114 FOURTH AVENUE.
Je7:k31

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,

THREE PLY

AND

INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY'S,

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall,	John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon,	Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrett,	Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech,	Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd,	

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
Je10k43

ANTHONY TROLLOPE'S NEW STORY,

"THE VICAR OF BULLHAMPTON,"

Is Commenced in this Number.

NOW READY,

THE JULY NUMBER

OF

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

Commencing Vol. IV.

CONTENTS.

1.

THE OPENING CHAPTERS OF

"THE VICAR OF BULLHAMPTON,"

A NEW NOVEL

OF GREAT INTEREST.

BY ANTHONY TROLLOPE,

Author of "Phineas Finn," "Orley Farm," "The Claverings," "The Belton Estate," &c.

With a Full-Page Illustration.

II. THORWALD'S LAMENT. By the late Edward Everett.
III. ANNEXATION OF NOVA SCOTIA. By a Nova Scotian.
IV. MY SUMMER PETS.
V. INSIDE A CHINESE GAMBLING-HELL.
VI. THE WATCHER. A Poem. By Edgar Fawcett.
VII. BEYOND THE BREAKERS. A Novel. Part VII. By Hon. Robert Dale Owen.
VIII. THE HOUSEKEEPER'S MILLENIUM.
IX. THE PHILOSOPHY OF ABSURDITY. By Walter Edgar McCann.
X. PRINCESS AND PAGE. A Poem. By Lucy H. Hooper.
XI. ONLY NO LOVE. A Tale after the German. By Mrs. A. L. Wister. (Concluded.)
XII. THE DEVIL'S CAVE. An Adventure in Mexico.
XIII. OUR RELATIONS WITH ENGLAND. By Henry Flanders.
XIV. FANCY SIGNATURES. By Carl Benson.
XV. THE ART OF GETTING TO SLEEP.
XVI. OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP.
XVII. LITERATURE OF THE DAY.

For sale at all the Book and News Stores. Yearly Subscription, $4 Single Number, 35 cts.

CLUB RATES—Two copies, $7; Five copies, $15; Ten copies, $30; and each additional copy, $3.
Specimen Number, with Premium List, sent to any address on receipt of Thirty-five cents. Address,

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers,

715 AND 717 MARKET ST., PHILA.
Je16:k59

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of P. & C. DIXON, Brush Manufacturers, has this day been dissolved by the withdrawal of the under signed therefrom.

THOMAS COFFIN.

Having sold my interest in the above firm to JOHN E. DUFFY, I cordially recommend him to the patronge of the public.

THOMAS COFFIN.

The above business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, under the firm of DIXON, DUFFY & CO., No. 13 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We will give special attention to the manufacturing of Paint, Varnish, Kalsamine and White-Wash Brushes. We will keep constantly on hand a good supply of Scrubbing, Blacking and all other Brushes.

We respectfully ask an examination of our samples by druggists and other persons dealing in brushes.

R. DIXON,
JOHN E. DUFFY,
C. DIXON.
Je17:k61

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE - - - - - - $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.
Je15-THS

IMPORTANT NEW BOOKS.

HISTORY OF EUROPEAN MORALS, from Augustus to Charlemagne, by W. E. H. Lecky, M. A., author of "A History of Rationalism in Europe." 2 vols. 8vo., cloth. Price.....$6 00
MIND AND BRAIN; or, The Correlation of Consciousness and Organization Systematically Investigated and applied to Philosophy, Mental Science and Practice, by Thomas Laycock, M. D., of the University of Edinburgh. 2 vols..... 7 00
HALUS' TOURISTS' POCKET GUIDE TO SEA SIDE AND COUNTRY..... 1 00
SPIELHAGEN'S (Auerbach's Great Rival) PROBLEMATIC CHARACTERS..... 1 75
WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE. The Reform Against Nature. By Horace Bushnell.... 1 50
FRIENDS IN COUNCIL. A new edition, four vols. in one..... 4 00
GADES AJAR. By Miss Phelps. New edition now ready..... 1 50

FOR SALE BY

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

193 Liberty Street,

NEAR SIXTH. Je16-THFS

REDUCED.

A REAM

OF NOTE PAPER FOR $1.

INITIAL

NOTE PAPER PER BOX, 40c.

AT

JOSEPH HORNER'S,

Bookseller and Stationer,

120 Smithfield Street.
Je11THS

PERCIVAL BECKETT, MECHANICAL ENGINEER and Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.
N.B.—Branch office, Washington, D. C. ap6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

Ladies' Hats,

Children's Hats,

Sundowns,

Parasols.

Ribbons,

Flowers,

Trimmings,

Crapes, &c.

Ladies' Stockings,

Children's Stockings,

Ladies' Gloves,

Children's Gloves, &c

At One Dollar,

FULL SIZE LADIES' WHITE TUCKED

MUSLIN SKIRTS.

STOCK FULL AND COMPLETE

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

28TH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors June 1st, 1869	$2,252,778 32	
Dividend for the last six months	59,623 90	
Contingent Fund	191 0 9 11	
Total Liabilities		$2 503 431 33

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage	$1,321,172 45	
Real Estate	26,907 59	
Stock in Pittsburgh B'ks	71,684 04	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds 1865 and 1867	400 000 00	
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds 1881	50,043 75	
Bills Receivable	14,209 00	
Cash on hand and in Banks	118,866 50	
Total Assets		$2,503,431 33

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's report for the last six months, ending May 31, 1869, and have examined the Assets of the Bank, consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stocks, Bills Receivable, United States 5-20 six per cent. Bonds, '65 and '67, United States six per cent. Bonds, 1881, and cash in Bank and on hand, and find the same to correspond with the above report.

WM. J. ANDERSON, }
JAMES D. FOLLY, } Aud. Com.
P. A. MADEIRA, }

PITTSBURGH, June 9, 1869.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT out of the profits for the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable forthwith. If not drawn will bear interest from the 1st inst.

CAAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, June 12, 1869.
je14:k41-d&T

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned, as trustee in the partition of the real estate of

AGNES KNOX, Deceased,

By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869,

At 2 o'clock P. M., that very valuable property on Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, consisting of TWO LOTS. First—A lot fronting on Market street 30 feet and extending the same width, along the south side of Fifth avenue 101 feet to Market alley. Second—A lot on the opposite side of Market alley fronting on Fifth avenue 20 feet and running back, preserving the same width, along Market alley 39 feet. On the first mentioned lot are FOUR FRAME TENEMENTS, and on the other a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING.

These lots are among the most valuable in the city of Pittsburgh, being on the principal street and in the centre of business. The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to them, as they are desirable chiefly for the value of the lots, the buildings not being of much consequence, and possession for building purposes can be obtained on 3 months' notice. The property now rents for over eight thousand dollars. The purchaser will receive the rents after July 1st.

THE TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash, and the remaining two-thirds in two equal annual payments, with semi-annual interest from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. W. F. WHITE,
June 5, 1869. TRUSTEE.
je7:k29

GREAT BARGAINS IN STANDARD BOOKS.

Appletons' Cyclopedia. 23 vols., bound in full leather. A fresh set just received. The regular price is $6.00 per vol. We offer this copy unusually low.....
Chambers' Edinburg Encyclopedia. 10 vols. royal 8vo, bound in full cloth, usual price of which is $5 00 per vol. Offered at a large discount.....
Library Edition of Standard Works. Well adapted for prizes in upper classes and high schools. In large Demy 8vo, with Steel Portraits and Vignette handsomely bound in cloth extra, new style.....
I. The Complete Works of William Shakespeare. With a biographical sketch by Mary Cowden Clarke, and a Copious Glossary..... $2,50
II. The Complete Poetical and Prose Works of Robert Burns. With life and various notes..... 2,50
III. The Miscellaneous Works of Oliver Goldsmith..... 2,50
IV. The Poetical Works of Lord Byron. Illustrated by eminent artists..... 2,50
V. Josephus. The whole work of Flavius Josephus, the Jewish historian. Translated by Whiston..... 2,50
VI. The Arabian Nights' Entertainments. Translated from the Arabic. An entirely new edition. Illustrated with upwards of 100 original engravings on wood..... 2,50
VII. Dean Swift's Works. Complete 1 vol, royal 8vo. This is the first Cheap Edition of the Dean's Works ever published. 2,50

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,

119 WOOD STREET,

2d DOOR BELOW FIFTH.
Je12:8TTH

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,
83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLAIN, BUFF, PINK AND BLUE

PERCALES & LAWNS.

NEAT FIGURED

LAWNS.

STRIPED

Lawns.

AT 22 CENTS PER YARD,

WHITE MARSEILLES.

New and Desirable

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS.

AT 50 CENTS,

All Wool Cassimeres.

GOOD QUALITY.

Many Good Bargains in all Kinds of

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District of Pennsylvania, No. 67 Water St., Allegheny City, May 18, '69.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists of SPECIAL TAXES, formerly termed LICENSES, and of the taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate,

&c., are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector on and after the 1st DAY OF JUNE, 1869.

These taxes, having become due, must be paid before the 25th DAY OF JUNE, 1869; otherwise, additional expenses will be incurred by the tax-payer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector of the county of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive, after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the times and places, when and where they will be prepared to receive the taxes collectable by them.

Taxes payable only in greenbacks or national currency.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN,

my18:j51 COLLECTOR.

TAGGART & SIMEN,

RETAIL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

AT

Wholesale Prices.

NO. 129 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny City.
ap14

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

A FINE FARM, late the property of ROBT. GLASS, deceased, comprising 148 acres, 1 rood and 24 perches, situated on West. Penna. R.R., two hours and one-half ride from Pittsburgh, and within one-half mile of either North West or Salena Station, together with Stone Dwelling of Twelve Rooms, Two Frame Tenant Houses, One Frame Barn one hundred feet long, Stone Spring House, Blacksmith Shop, Two Story Frame Granery, Frame Carriage House, Frame Hay House, with sheds, Slaughter House, Large Orchard of Choice Fruit in good bearing order, Cider Press and abundant of never failing Springs of pure water. To be sold on TUESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1869. Trains leave Allegheny City at 7 A. M. and arrive at 6 P. M. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Phelps, corner Cherry alley and Third avenue, J. G. West, office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, R. D. McClure, 370 Penn street, J. G. Wilson, 55 Fourth avenue. je15:k49-d&T

WOOD TURNING, SCROLL SAWING, AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Rods, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

NOTICE OF LOST CERTIFICATE.—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. 35, for 20 shares stock in the "Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank," at Pittsburgh, in the name of HANNAH THOMSON, has been lost or destroyed by fire, and that application has been made by the said Hannah Thomson for new certificate in the place of that lost or destroyed as aforesaid.
June 3, 1869. HANNAH THOMSON.
Je3:k1-THS

WHITE LIME.—300 barrels Fresh White Lime, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

LOST.

LOST—BREASTPIN.—On Monday afternoon, an ODD FELLOW BREASTPIN, containing thirty-eight small stones. A liberal reward will be paid by leaving it at the Mayor's office, or at 61 Penn street.

LOST COW.—Strayed Away or on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of June, about 4 o'clock, a COW, with a light red and white color and a perfectly white face and small turns in horns; a spring or bear her calving. Any information of her will be gladly received and liberally rewarded by OWEN PAYTON,
Je11:k50 Woods Run.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK.

APPLY AT

No. 336 Ridge Street, Allegheny.

Je16:k55 B. BAKEWELL, Jr.

WANTED.—A colored waiter. One who has a good reputation can hear of a permanent situation by calling at Burns' Eating Saloon, corner sixth avenue and Smithfield street.
All persons having tickets will please return within ten days.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—Agents to take orders in the city and county for Doudnas' Patent Stone-Lid Holder. County rights for sale. Enquire for J. S. WILSON, at Morrison & Devol's, 75 Water street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.
CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTS.

WANTED—TO LOAN $30,000 on Bonds and Mortgages, in sums from $500 to $5,000, secured on real estate in Allegheny county. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen can be accommodated with a pleasant furnished room, with good board, on the line of the Passenger cars, No. 44 Rebecca street, Allegheny City. Reference required.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — Pleasant furnished rooms, good board, terms reasonable, at 46 Liberty street.

WANTED. — Bass and Alto Singer, for city church choir. Must be good reader. Address M. M. C., Box 1,313, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—TO PLASTERERS. —Plastering to be done, for which carpenter work will be given in return. All to be done in the best manner. Direct S. W., Box S, GAZETTE OFFICE.

BOARDING.—Rooms opposite the Park, North Common. Bath rooms, &c., and the comforts of a home. 181 North avenue, Allegheny.

WANTED.—A few respectable boarders at 18 Ninth street, (late Hand street.)

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — A few more boarders can find pleasant rooms and good boarding at No. 16 Ann street, Allegheny, for $4.50 per week.

WANTED.—To loan $900 on bond or mortgage for one or two years. Address J. D. F., care Gazette office.

WANTED.—House of 5 or 6 rooms, within the limits of the old wards. Address H. B., GAZETTE OFFICE, stating location and terms.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—FURNISHED ROOM. —An elegant furnished ROOM, suitable for a young man, will be let at a very reasonable rent. Inquire at No. 23 Eighth, (late Hancock,) street.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

TO-LET.—Large Hall in a good location. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue.

TO-LET.—A ROOM.—A com- FORTABLY furnished ROOM for one or more gentlemen. Apply at No. 33 Ninth, (late Hand.) street.

TO-LET.—A fine, large new Store Room, in the village of Wilkinsburg, with dwelling, if desired. Rent low. Also, beautiful large office front room, second floor, on 6th, formerly St. Clair, near the bridge. Enquire of JOHN W. BEATTY, Engraver, 93 Market St.

TO-LET.—House on Centre Av- ENUE.—Gas, Water, &c., very convenient. Out of season. Rent $25.00 per month. Call soon at 121 Centre avenue, Pittsburgh.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

CUNARD STEAMERS

EXCELL ALL OTHERS

For Speed and Safety.

PH. R. MERTZ, Agent.
je12

ENTIRE NEW STOCK

OF

DRESS GOODS

AT

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.

ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.
je15

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

TWELVE LOTS ON CENTRE avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 2 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 3 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,000 cash.
Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 44 feet on Wylie street. This property will be sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of

M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds. je17:k60

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., west Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.
Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

House and lot on Porter street, 3d ward; 2 houses and lot in 8th ward; lot on Troy Hill road; house and lot on Sandusky street, 4th ward; house and lot on Boyle street; farm in Ohio, containing 160 acres; house and lot, 87 Boyle street; house and lot in 8th ward; one-twenty-fifth interest in 75 acres in Wirt Co., West Va.; 10 acres of ground near Fleming Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.; farm of 100 acres in Sewickley township; house and lot at Glendale Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.; house and lot on Pius street, 8th ward; 6½ acres of ground at Glendale Station; 2 farms in Iowa, 80 acres each; lot on Locust street, near Manhattan, (Manchester;) 2 farms in Ohio, one 120 acres, other 80 acres. For further particulars inquire of

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je17

FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seat; only 3 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NAGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—A DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, of seven rooms, with frame addition of two rooms, good spring, &c; about an acre and a half of ground; situated a short drive from Bennett's Station, on the W. Penna. R. R. Immediate possession given. For terms, &c., address or inquire of WM. A. SHINN,
Attorney at Law, cor. Grant and Diamond St.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.—One of the best Drug and Prescription Stores in Pittsburgh is offered for sale at cost if applied for soon. Good reasons for selling. Address J. P. PEARSON & CO., 87 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—The one-half interest in the Drug Store of BLACKISTON & M'GREGOR, in Bellaire, Ohio. They are doing a thriving business, and the location is one of the best in Eastern Ohio. Reason for selling, ill health of family. Terms reasonable. Apply soon.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE. —FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.
Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WAND,
Je26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.

13 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.
137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.
HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.
HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.
4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown.
Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.
mh15

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

mh9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Axle Roots;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Various;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 165 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,

ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY EBER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. sp25

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 13, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:z85

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Gears and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my16:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY,

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w20

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jarvis Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS. Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 30, 32, 34 AND 36 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breechiag, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ¾, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap:6

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallace, E. Fawcett, | Jno. C. Risher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.
D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:b82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, Thomas Rourke, J. Dunlevy, Jr., Patrick Kane, Chas. B. Barr, Jno. Jos. Hermann, Hugh Keating | James McCabe, John Savage, Terence Campbell, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, Thomas Barnes, jel:k5

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

PRESIDENT—S. H. HARTMAN.
CASHIER—E. P. YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

S. H. Hartman, J. P. Henderson, J. Kohen, Samuel Dyer, W. G. Gibson, | W. H. Burt, J. C. Patterson, B. F. Brown, B. B. Megraw, my21:j72

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.,
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
J. 2-d43

Je10:e26

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 16, 1869.

Money is exceedingly scarce in New York, so that even Government securities are thrown on the market and sacrificed, to avoid paying a high rate of interest. Gold, which is strongly held by parties confidently awaiting higher prices as soon as shipments of coin have to be made, were likewise compelled to sell and at one time the market fell to 137¼, reacting, however, to 138 and closing steady at that.

Government bonds declined still further to-day and new bonds had touched 119, 10-40's 108, and 1881's 121.

Stocks were dull and lower, reaching at one time about one per cent. and closing with a better feeling.

Our local money market moves easy with an increased amount of money offering on first class mortgaged city property. Allegheny Valley bonds are selling up to 86¼, but at that figure there are but few buyers.

Business in general seems to improve. Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 138; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 121 Five Twenties, 1862, 122; do 1864, 116¾; do 1865, 118¼; do 1865, Consols, 119⅛; do 1867, —; do 1868, —; Ten Forties, 108½; New York Central, 88⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 98½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 54¼; Ohio & Misisippi, 32⅜; Michigan Southern, 104⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 95½; Chicago & Rock Island, 181¼; Chicago & North Western, 82⅝; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94⅝; Adams Express Company, 59; Merchants Union Express, 14¾; Pacific Mail, 88⅜; Western Union Telegraph Company, 40; Am. W. Express, 40.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 138; United States Sixes, 1881, 121; Five-Twenties, 1862, 122; do. 1864, 116¾; do. 1865, 118¼; Ten-Forties, 108½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119¼; do. do. 1867, —; do. do. 1868, —; Seven-Thirties, par less, ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 93; Central do. do., par; Cy. Pacifics, 106½; Superior 98.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 16, 1869.

The feature of Wall street to-day was a continued stringency in money and the high rates of interest paid for call loans. The stock brokers paid from coin interest to ⅛ per cent., while loans on Governments ranged from 7 per cent. to 1-16 per cent., and in the gold room as high as 3-16 was paid to have gold carried over until to-morrow. Towards the close the demand abated, and there was a marked decline in rates, but not until after the brokers' bank accounts were generally made up. Just previous to, and after three o'clock money was loaned at coin interest on stocks and 7 per cent. on Governments; or, in other words, the rates of interest fell from 75 to 7 per annum. Discounts entirely stopped. Sterling firm at 9⅛@9⅜ per cent. Gold firmer; opened at 137⅝, fell to 137⅜, advanced to 138¼, and closed at 138. Immense sums were borrowed and sold to obtain currency. Carrying rates 9@12 per cent. Clearances $103,000,000.

Governments declined in the morning, but became strong in the afternoon, under the firmness in gold. Coupons of '81 121@121¼; do. '62, 122⅛@122⅜; do. '64, 116⅜@117; do. '65. 118⅝@118¾; do. new, 119¼@119½; do, '67, 119¼@119½; do. '68, 119¼@119⅜; 10-40s, 108⅛@108⅜.

State bonds: Missouris in active demand, selling as high as 97, closing in active demand at 95¾@96; old Tennessees, 64¾; new do. 62½@62⅝; new North Carolinas, 55½@55⅝; Virginias, 61½.

Stocks closed strong, with a general advance in the prices. The increased firmness was due to the easing up in the money mrrket about three o'clock. The principal activity and greatest advance was in Northwestern common and preferred, Michigan Southern, Reading and Pacific Mail. Erie preferred to-day advanced to 57⅜ bid, with no stock at the close under 67.

Bidding prices at 5:30: Cumberland Coal, 33¾; Wells Express, 31¼; American, 40; Adams, 59¼; United States, 69½; Merchants Union, 14⅞; Quicksilver, 15½; Canton, 63½; Pacific Mail, 90¾; Western Union Telegraph, 39⅞; Mariposa, 8¼; do. preferred, 17; New York Central, 188¼; Erie, 30; do. preferred, 57½; Hudson, 156; Harlem, 143; Reading, 98¾; Terre Haute, 37; do. pref'd, 57; Wabash, 71; do. preferred, 80; St. Paul, 73¾; do. preferred, 84½; Fort Wayne, 155½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32⅜; Michigan Central, 133; Michigan Southern, 104; Illinois Central, 143½; Pittsburgh, 96⅜; Rock Island, 118½; Northwestern 82¾; do. preferred, 90¼.

Mining Shares dull.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 8; Franklin, 16½; Hecla, 85; Hancock, 3; Quincy, 24.

Sub-Treasury balance, $83,834,736; exports, except specie, for the week, $4,353,482.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 16, 1869.

The markets generally continue very dull and stagnant, and what is worse still, there is but little prospect of any immediate improvement. The demand for everything is very light and under the influence of a sharp competition margins are very much reduced and in some articles a positive loss has to be accepted. There is one great consolation, however, the prospects for the future are very encouraging, as with good crops all over the country business cannot fail to be good, though it is probable that prices generally must still further decline, and with this prospect in view, business men are disposed to carry just as little stock as possible.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 50@$1,00, per gallon as to quality.

BUTTER—Is in light supply and prime to choice Roll still commands 25@28.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,25.

CHEESE—Is in good supply but unchanged; we continue to quote common Ohio at 17@18; Factory, 19@26; and Goshen, at 21.

CARBON OIL—Is unsettled and irregular, though firm.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull; Peaches, 13 for quarters; 14@15 for mixed and 16@17 for halves. Apples, 12@13.

EGGS—Continue to arrive freely, but holders in view of the fact that there is a slight margin in shipping east, refuse, as yet, to make any further reduction; 18@19.

FRUIT—Prunes, 13; Currants, 12½; Valencia Raisins, 14; Layer Raisins $3,75 per box.

FISH—No. 3 large Mackeral (new) $6,75 per half bbl; No. 2 do, $10,50; No. 1 $13,50; Baltimore Herring, $8,50 per bbl—full weight, $9; Baltimore Shad, $8,50. Lake Herring, $3,75 per half bbl; and White Fish, $8,75.

FEATHERS—Firm and in limited supply; we now quote live geese at 85@90 to the trade, and $1, in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market is very quiet, the demand being confined entirely to supplying immediate wants, while in regard to prices there are no further changes. Spring Wheat brands $6@6,50 and Winter Wheat $7@7,25. Rye Flour $6,50@6.75.

GRAIN—There is some little inquiry for Wheat, and we can report sales of prime Red, at $1,25. Oats quiet and unchanged; may be quoted at 65@66 on spot, for car load lots, and 68@70 in store. Rye—sale 1 car at $1,10; 1 do do, at $1,12; and a small lot at $1,15, which is considered the top of the market. Corn is quiet and unchanged—receipts have fallen off materially; may be quoted, at 70@75, on track, as to quality. Prime Spring Barley, $1,60@1,65.

HAY—Baled Hay is being sold on wharf at $22@25, as to quality, and dull.

HEMP—Sales at $210.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Is firmer, in sympathy with the advance in Lard, but, as yet, unchanged; $1,20 for No. 2 and $1,50 for No. 1—city brands.

POTATOES—Small sales of old crop, at 40@50 per bushel, as to quality—mostly at 40@45.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12c.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer and prices advancing. We now quote Shoulders at 14½@14¾; Sides 17¼@17½ for Ribbed and 18¼@18½ for Clear; Plain Hams 17¾; Plain Canvassed 00; Sugar Cured Canvassed 20¼@20½. Dried Beef, 21. Mess Pork, $32,75@33. Lard, 20½ in bbls; 19 ½ in tierces, and 21 in pails and kegs.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover and Timothy Seeds seems to have almost entirely subsided. Flaxseed would sell but there is none in market.

SALT—Sales in a jobbing way at $ per bbl, for Allegheny River brands.

TALLOW—Nothing doing in this article of importance, and prices are nominal.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, June 16.—We have fifteen hundred and sixty fresh cattle, besides 450 head from Monday. They have all been sold at the prices last quoted, 13@16c per lb., the market closing heavy, with losses to most owners. Some fat Kentucky Durhams were too heavy to sell quickly, fat cattle of 7½ cwt. suiting best. A drove of 6¼ cwt. Texans sold at 13@14c. A lot of uneven 6 to 10 cwt. Illinois cattle 14@15½c; 90 Kentucky steers fat 8¾c; per cwt. 15@16c, and a car of fat Illinois cattle 7¾ cwt. at 15¾c. Weather fine but trade slow. Sheep are not plenty; only 1,000 arrived to-day, but some of yesterday's stocks are unsold; trade inactive and prices unchanged, varying greatly with the quality from 4½ to 7½c for very poor to extra lots of sheared sheep. Lambs lower, selling at 10 to 12½c; sales to-day of 3 cars Ohio sheep, 85 pounds, at 6¾c; one car, 70 pounds, at 4½c; one car, 78 pounds, Indiana, at 6c, and some select, 98 pounds sheep, at 7½c; a lot of 53 lbs. State lambs brought 11½c; some, of 52 lbs, better lambs at 12, and 90 head, of 53 lbs, at 12½c. Hogs are very firm at 10 to 10¾c for live, and 12@12¼c for dressed. The arrivals to-day were forty-six hundred head, nearly all to slaughterers.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Cattle active and steady at $4,30@6,25 for cows; 6,50@6,95 fair to medium; $7,00@7,60 good to choice, and $7,65@8,00 for prime shipping beeves. Hogs active and 20@25c lower, at $8,65@8,95 fair to modium; $9,00@9,25 for good, and $9,50@9,65 for extra.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—Cattle—fair supply and demand at 4@7c. Hogs in small supply and good demand at 7¼@9c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Market inactive, but buoyant for cotton goods. Witherell ticks A. A. advanced to 28½c; Willowbrook do to 28½c; York 32 inch to 33½c; ko 30 inch to 27c; Hamilton to 26c. York Shirting Stripes 22½c; Warrel B. Brown demins 23½c; Otis A. X. A. bleached do 28½c; do D. B. 26c; do C. C. do do 21c; do B. D. brown 25½c. Waterford N. N. 4-4 Brown Sheetings 14½c; Lawrence F. do 14c. Bedford R. ⅞ do 10½c; Portsmouth 4-4 do 12c; Augusta do do 15c. The Ballou and Son muslins have been advanced by some jobbers to 15c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—Flour inactive and unsettled; Northwestern extra family, $6,50; Ohio do, $7,00@8,00. Wheat; more coming forward and altogether quotably unchanged, and the market favors buyers. Rye firmer; western, $1,30. Corn scarce, firm and high; mixed western, 88@91c. Oats 73@76c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky 95c@$1,00.

DETROIT, June 16.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm; sales of extra white at $1,64@1,65; No. 1 do. at $1,43; No. 2. do. at $1,25. Corn dull at 66c. Oats at 54c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Superior—Its Future Prospects.

It is instructive as well as intensely exciting, says the Philadelphia *Press*, to watch the magic like developments of our country, and the strange revolutions produced by the growth of its industrial and commercial interests.

Chicago, California, the oil country of Pennsylvania, the route of the Union Pacific Railroad, to go no further back, have all been the central points of excitement, that, however fierce and unhealthy for a time, have in the end proved beneficial and conducive to the permanent strengthening and building of the country.

The history of the past enables us now to forecast a little our probable future, and to determine ahead the prospective channels of enterprise and development. Just now the next grand movement would seem to be impending from the North.

That great inland sea, called Lake Superior, reaches its index finger westward, within a few miles of the head of navigation on the Mississippi river. At the extreme western end it receives the water of the St. Louis river, which near its mouth widens into the picturesque and commodious harbor of Superior, the largest and safest on all the six lakes, washing the boundaries of the two powerful States of Wisconsin and Minnesota. A few miles up the river, at Fondulac, is a splendid water power which will one day be all employed in turning the wheels of huge factories. Stretching far to the west and northwest, embracing the whole State of Minnesota and the magnificent valley of the Red River of the North, Lake Winnipeg, and the Saskatchewan river, there is a country large enough to make three Empires as large as Great Britain, France and Austria—and rich in timber, minerals and agricultural resources. With a climate unsurpassed for healthfulness, and temperature, and now open to settlement, it will, for centuries to come, pour its treasures into the lap of Superior. This child of promise is now just beginning to germinate and cluster around the mouth of the St. Louis river. Within one year the first railroad will be finished, by the aid of Pennsylvania capital, connecting this young city with the railway system of the Northwest at St. Paul, and extending thence to Omaha, and by the Pacific Railroad to San Francisco, giving Superior City, it is claimed, more than three hundred miles advantage over Chicago, and water communication to the Atlantic seaboard.

Next spring the first link of the Northern Pacific Railroad from Superior to Mississippi will be built. Within two years the road will be extended to the Red River of the North, only 185 miles from Superior, there tapping over 2,000 miles of good steamboat navigation running through a valley as large and well watered as that of Ohio, and within four years in all likelihood this railroad will be extended across the continent to Puget's Sound, thus making Superior the eastern terminus of both these great continental lines of railway. Before the road is finished to Puget's Sound, an eastern line from Superior via the Sault St. Marie, and Montreal, to Portland and Halifax, will be built. Another railroad, from Superior to a point on the St. Croix river, connecting with roads leading to Chicago and Milwaukee, is projected. Many lines of steamers will be established between Superior and Eastern ports. Three enterprises, and numerous others of equal magnitude and significance, will be pusned along by the accumulated power of this great nation, and, by the inevitable law of cause and effect, cannot fail to plant a city at Superior which may yet make the name singularly appropriate. While many cities not yet dreamed of will spring up, and those now in existence will expand vastly beyond their present limits, Superior may outstrip them all when British North America becomes part of our Territory. So sanguine are the friends of this infant emporium of its great future, that they already talk of it in coming days as the site of the new capitol of the great Republic, pitting it pluckily against George Francis Train's Columbus—that geometrical point in Nebraska which is declared the physical pivot of the continent.

That this coming city is destined to conspicuous prominence, even under other relations in our commercial and financial system, is foreshadowed in our New Haven dispatch of this morning, in which Gen. B. S. Roberts is said to have brought before the Connecticut Scientific Academy a plan of a proposed great national undertaking about to be introduced to public notice by the Chicago Board of Trade. This is nothing less than a plan to connect the head waters of the Upper Mississippi, Illinois and Ohio rivers, with the waters of Lake Superior, Lake Michigan and Lake Erie, and levee-ing the Mississippi from Cairo to its mouth.

So great have been the achievements of modern enterprise that we need be astonished at no proposal, and may reasonably expect success to attend any undertaking, pushed by American merchants. Should this plan, or something like it, reach a successful consummation, it will be but a fresh evidence of how inseperably are intertwined all the great interests and sections of our common country. National patriotism and sound statesmanship rejoice in the prosperity of all. The common weal is the development of every portion of our imperial land.

GEORGE PEABODY, in conversation in New York, the other day, concerning the Sumner ultimatum in the Alabama claims business, said: "Every man in England would have been willing to resent, to the extremity of war, the demand which Sumner sought to get the Administration to enforce. Mr. Bright, who was the last man I saw in London before I left, (he lunched with me at two o'clock, and I left at five,) confirmed me in this impression. And there is no one who has a more earnest affection for this country than has Mr. Bright. Neither he nor any Englishman could accept the preposterous theory of Sumner."

NEARLY half of the lima beans sown annually perish by being sown from two to three weeks too early, by the impatience of our embryo horticulturalists. On the other hand, the colder-blooded carrot or turnip seed all but refuse to germinate in the sultry days of July. Seeds of calceolarias, cinerarias, Chinese primroses and pansies will germinate more freely and make better plants, by delaying the sowing until the middle of September than if sown earlier. Many failures are attributable to want of knowledge of this fact, and without question, laid to the charge of the seedsman.—*Henderson.*

Scene in a Philadelphia Theatre.

A scene of considerable excitement occurred at the American Theatre, on Walnut street, above Eighth, on Saturday evening, during the flying trapeze performances of two artistes announced on the bills as Lilla and Zoe. One of their feats consists in Lilla, a full-grown young woman, swinging herself by means of two ropes suspended from the ceiling, from a platform erected in front of the gallery, entirely across the auditorium, until she touches with her feet a trapeze that hangs at considerable altitude over the orchestra. Securing herself on this trapeze with her feet, her body swings downwards, and she remains in that position while Zoe, a child of eleven years of age, mounts the platform in the gallery, and seizing the iron rings attached to the ropes, mentioned, throws herself off, and darts toward Lilla, and when nearing her the child throws a somersault in mid-air, and her only chance from being crushed to deathby falling from the dizzy height among the audience in the parquette, is being caught by Lilla, who hangs with her head downward from the trapeze. Certain death would be the result of the slightest mistake made by either of the performers. On Saturday evening the feat was successfully performed, it is true, but Lilla barely caught the child as she revolved in the air. As the latter was descending, however, to the stage, the man whose duty it was to catch her from the hands of Lilla, failed to do so, and the poor child fell to the platform placed over the orchestra, a distance of several feet, and struck her head and otherwise injured herself. The child was picked up, when she immediately placed her hands to her head, and it was apparent that she was seriously hurt. Notwithstanding this, she was most inhumanly ordered to remount the platform in the gallery and repeat the feat. The child obeyed, but such conduct on the part of those having charge of the exhibition was too much for the audience to stand, and there was a unanimous cry of "No, no!" "Shame, shame!" "Take her back, take her back," &c. In the meantime the child mounted the platform and then stood ready to repeat the feat, but the audience rose *en masse*, to their great credit, and prevented the ropes from being handed to her. Unable to combat such a display of public indignation and disapproval, the child was ordered to retire, which she did amidst the most tumultuous applause. Now, whether she could have performed the feat again in her then condition, will be seen from the following:

"After she had retired, the stage manager advanced and stated that she desired to perform another feat, and that she was not injured, and the consent of the audience was asked. There was a general cry of 'No, no,' and considerable hissing; but, taking advantage of a few cries of 'Go on,' from the boys in the gallery, the child again appeared, and mounting the platformf took hold of the rings and swung herself off for the purpose of catching the hanging trapeze with her feet and then making a sommersault while descending into an outstretched net. As the audience felt would be the case, the child essayed the feat, but failed to catch the trapeze, owing to her nervous state which was natural under the circum tances, but she was saved from injury by her commendable presence of mind in not letting go of the ropes. The consequence was that she swung backwards and forwards amid a scene of much excitement, and was relieved from her perilous position by the audience, who caught her and carried her to the stage. The entire scene was a disgraceful one, and was nothing but a wanton sporting with human life, and had it not been for the conduct of the audience the child would probably have been killed in attempting to repeat the first act."—*Philadelphia Enquirer.*

Running a Muck in Indiana.

On Sunday, the 12th, at Covington, Troy county, Indiana, Fred. Remster, an auctioneer, committed a series of terrible tragedies. His first victim was an aged widow lady named Jones, seventy-five years old, and with whom he boarded. Remster shot her with a six shooter, the ball entering the neck near the ear. She expired in a few minutes.

His next victim was a daughter of Mr. Breckeling, a highly esteemed young lady, seventeen years of age. Miss B., hearing the discharge of firearms from the opposite side of the street, went to her father's door, when she was immediately fired upon by Remster, the ball hitting her above the ear. The wound is considered fatal, and she can live but a few hours, her brains coming out at the hole.

After shooting Miss B., the murderer rushed down through the street and past the excited people, frantically calling for John Dodd. He fired at a man near Jas. McMahon's residence, but the cap only snapping, no harm was done. He continued on his course, and meeting John Franster, ran up to him and sticking the pistol in Franster's mouth, pulled the trigger, the cap again snapping and saving the life of his intended fourth victim. Franster grappled with the murderer and succeeded in disarming him and holding him until the excited people could render assistance, when he was conveyed to jail under a strong guard, who kept at bay the furious mob which had by this time gathered. It is known that Remster had been drinking very hard, and gambling desperately, and pecuniary losses may have driven him to the commission of the deed. He has been married but a few weeks.

A CORRESPONDENT of a Chicago paper writes: "Did it ever occur to you how Gen. McDowell has lived down the odium incurred by the first Bull Run defeat and appears to have mantained a growing popularity in the army and among the powers that be? Those who knew him intimately assure me that he is a model of a soldier, unselfish and brave, and one of the truest friends. It is perhaps owing to these virtues that his star, like those of other Generals who were unfortunate at the commencement of the war, has never set. He neither drinks, smokes, nor indulges in spirituous liquors, which can be said of only a very few other military men."

THE excavations at Herculaneum, undertaken by means of the 30,000 frances granted by King Victor Emanuel, have led to the discovery of a large room, which must have served for a kitchen. In it was a wooden clothes-press, entirely carbonized; also, fourteen vases; candelabrum and a lamp, all in bronze; several vessels in glass and terra cotta, a small marble statue of a faun and two broken tables, one in marble and the other in slate. Visitors have been very numerous of late to examine these objects.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secret ons, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CONRAD C. SMITH, a Bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 1st day of JULY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M. before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

je3:k28-TH S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

ARTHUR EBENSBURGH, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 26th day of JUNE, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

je10:k43-TH

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

ICE FOR SALE

BY THE TON OR OTHERWISE,

At No. 64 Sandusky Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

my27:j86

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, June 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Cedar street, from Main to Laurel street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, June 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

je10:k44

NOTICES.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, June 8th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 2, Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company First Mortgage Bonds, will be paid on and after JULY 1st NEXT upon presentation and delivery at the Merchants National Bank of Baltimore.

JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.

je10:k46-THST

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15. my8:j95

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1869.

By virtue of authority conferred by resolution of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, at the usual meeting held at the office of the Company in this city, March 17th, A. D. 1869, an adjourned meeting of said annual meeting will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock A. M. of June 24th, instant, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a lease for a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of the railway and property of this Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and to act upon such other business as may come before said adjourned meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock and bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, will close at 2 P. M. on MONDAY, the 14th of June, at the agency in New York Winslow, Lanier & Co., 27 Pine street, and at the office in Pittsburgh, and will re-open on the 25th of June.

By order of the President.

je16:k51 F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

NOTICE.

To the Holders of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.

In pursuance of the authority vested in the Trustees, under the respective deeds of trust or mortgage securing the payment of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds respectively, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and in conformity with the by-law in relation to the meetings of said bondholders, adopted April 7, 1864, which provides that in the absence from the country of either of the Trustees, meetings of the bondholders may be called by the other Trustee, the undersigned, Trustee under the said deeds, his associated Trustee now being absent from the country, hereby calls a meeting of the holders of the said First Mortgage Bonds, and also a meeting of the holders of the said Second Mortgage Bonds, to be held at the office of the said Company in the city of Pittsburgh, on the TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF JUNE, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon of that day, for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all such questions as may arise in reference to the lease of the railways of the said Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, or in reference to the conversion of the present stock of the said Company into a guaranteed stock of a larger aggregate, upon which dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable quarterly out of the rental reserved in the said lease shall be paid, and also for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all other matters which may come before the said meetings or either of them.

je18:k50 S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST and the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES!

The State Mercantile Appraiser has returned to me for collection the appraisement for 1869. State Mercantile Licenses must be paid on or before July 1st, 1869.

All Licenses remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of Aldermen for collection.

A. J. COCHRAN, CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.

PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1869. je5:k66

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n89

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

THREE DAYS' FETE!

JAMES ROBINSON,

The Champion Rider,

WITH HIS

SUPERB EQUESTRIAN TROUPE,

ALLEGHENY.

ON THE DIAMOND,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

JUNE 17th, 18th and 19th,

GARDNER & KENYON'S

MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,

COMBINED WITH

JAMES ROBINSON'S

CHAMPION CIRCUS!

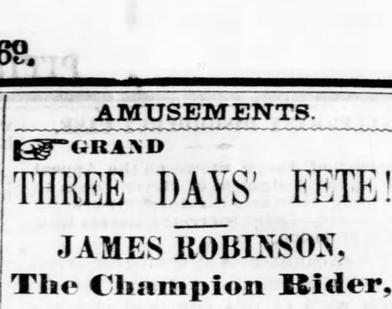
The Largest, Best and most Instructive Exhibition in the World.

A Full and Comprehensive Menagerie,

A COMPLETE

AND FAULTLESS CIRCUS,

Under one Mammoth Pavilion, for One Price of Admission.



THE MENAGERIE DEPARTMENT

Is full and complete, embracing RARE BEASTS and BIRDS from all parts of the world.

List of Animals:

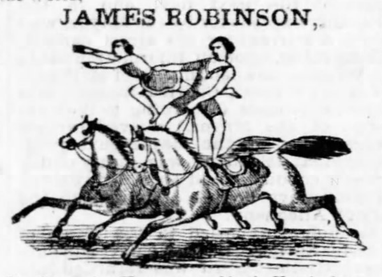
African Elephant, Bable Annie, Royal Bengal Tiger, Double Humped Backtrian Camel, African Lions, Asiatic Lioness, Brazilian Tigers, Pair of African Leopards, Wild Zebra from Tartary, South American Panther, Spotted Hyena Striped Hyena, Large White Polar Bear, African Nhiel Gaou, Peruvian Lama, South American Ibex, White Wolf, Pair of Spotted Axis Deer from the banks of the river Ganges, Black Bear, Cinnamon Bear, Australian Kangaroo, African Porcupine, Ichneumon, African Ostrich, standing nearly five feet high, Gold and Silver Pheasants, African Pelicans, White Crested Cockatoos, Red Crested Cockatoos, Patro S, Macaws and a host of minor animals too numerous to mention.

THE CIRCUS DEPARTMENT,

Under the immediate supervision of the world's greatest Horseman, JAMES ROBINSON, will amply maintain its title of the Champion Circus.

Foremost among the large list of Artists that enterprise the company is the only Great Rider in the World,

JAMES ROBINSON,



The Champion Horseman of both Hemispheres. The only Equestrian who has dared to challenge the world in the large sum of 10,000 DOLLARS, to produce his equal as a Bareback Rider. This bold defy has never been accepted, and still stands open to the world.

EMOTIONAL DISENTHRALLED ACT,

On his Bareback Steed, throwing Forward and Backward Somersaults over high objects and through Balloons, Pirouetting, posturing and attitudizing, introducing his infant son

CLARENCE,

The prettiest, smallest and smartest child ever brought into the ring. The culmination of Mr. Robinson's Equestrian Exploits will be the carrying of the Fairy Child Erect Upon His Head. The Beautiful boy CLARENCE will also appear at each exhibition in his

MINIATURE MENAGE ACT,

Upon his Pearly Pigmy Pony, and in an interesting Bareback Act.

Among the other notabilities is Miss ELIZA KENYON, the young, graceful and daring Premiere Equestrienne. Madame CAMILLA, Madlle MINNIE, LA PETITE MAGGIE, Miss ST. CLAIR, HUNTING & MATTHEWS, Mr. FRANK ROBINSON, the ARABIAN BROTHERS, Master EDDIE GARDNER, Mr ROBERT HUNTING, Mr. CHARLES MATTHEWS, Mr. DAN GARDNER, Mr. HARRY KING, Master GREGORY, Mr. MATT McCOLLOM, Mr. FREDERICK RIVERS; also, Messrs. COLEMAN, RICE, BUCKLEY, BENOIT, LOGAN, MANAHAN, &c., &c. Mr. CHARLES KENYON will at each exhibition introduce his Beautiful Highly Educated Horse INGOMAR.

THE GRAND PROCESSION,

Which will take place on THURSDAY, the 17th, at 10 A. M., will be a Feature of the Day's Amusement, headed by the Beautiful Swan Chariot, drawn by a line of handsome Cream Colored Horses, followed by the Ring Horses, Elephant, Camel, Carriages and handsomely Pictured Cages, gaily decorated, forming a Moving Panorama of nearly a mile in length.

Two Exhibitions Each Day, Afternoon and Evening. Doors open at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; Circus Performance to commence at 2½. In the evening doors open at 7 o'clock, to commence at 7½, giving all those who wish to witness the Menagerie and not the Circus ample time to do so and retire before the Circus Performance commences. Gentlemanly Ushers will be in attendance and seats for all.

Admission, 50 cents; Children under 10, 25 cents. The Diamond Studded Champion Belt, Golden Medal and Trophies, can be seen on the days of exhibition at Pittock's News Depot.

jc7:k32

A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N Y Sold by all Druggists.

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila.

my6:177-THS&T

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-TTH S

REVOLVING HORSE HAY RAKES.

A large lot just received and for sale at lowe market price. W. W. KNOX,

my29:j98-STTH

AMUSEMENTS.

STRAWBERRY

FESTIVAL AND SUPPER,

For the benefit of the

ORGAN FUND,

At the Smithfield Methodist Episcopal Church, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVEVINGS,

JUNE 17th and 18th, 1869,

Supper served from 5 to 10 o'clock.

SUPPER TICKETS - - - 50 Cents.

je16:k56

EXHIBITION.

There will be an exhibition of the

SHARPSBURG PUBLIC SCHOOLS,

On THURSDAY EVENING, June 17th, at 7½ P. M., in the

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The proceeds are for the benefit of the school. Tickets, 25 cents, to be had at the Drug Stores and from the scholars. je16:k57

CHURCH HOME FESTIVAL.

The annual sale of Fancy Articles and Refreshments of this charitable institution, will take place in the court yards and gardens of the "Church Home," in Lawrenceville, opposite the Arsenal Park, on

Thursday Afternoon and Evening.

Admission and supper tickets can be obtained at the entrance gate. je13:k37

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL—The ladies of Plymouth Church will hold a Strawberry Festival in EXCELSIOR HALL, corner Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny, on TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, 15th and 16th inst. The member and friends of the church are respectfully invited to be present. je12:k31

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.

Extra nights for the complimentary benefit of

THE BARLOW BROTHERS.

A new drama and a superb olio.

Friday—Benefit of JENNIE FOSTER.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. H. STROUP.....Manager.

This house has one of the finest Billiard Rooms in the city. It is decidedly the coolest and most inviting place. The tables are all new and embrace all the modern improvements, and offers superior attractions to lovers of the game.

AUCTION SALES.

BY A. LEGGATE.

SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, JUNE 17th, at 3½ o'clock, will be sold by auction on the premises, the very beautiful residence of the late Orrin Newton, Esq., at Shadyside Station, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, three and a half miles from the Union Depot. The grounds consist of four acres well improved and highly ornamented with fruit, shade and forest trees, shrubbery and small fruits. That portion in front of the house is a beautiful level lawn of nearly one hundred yards square, fronting on Center avenue, while that in the rear has a handsome gentle slope, fronting on the railway. The house is a two story double frame, containing parlor, sitting and dining rooms, with folding doors, five bedrooms, kitchen, wash-house, pantries, closets and other conveniences. There are marble mantles, Boston range, bake-oven, boiler, pumps, spring-house, stable and carriage house. There are handsome front and side porches, and an observatory from which exceedingly fine views of the surrounding country is obtainable. Abundance of good soft water on the premises.

The house is a very substantial structure, has a very pleasing appearance, and is altogether a first class residence. It adjoins the residence of Dr. Hussey, and is encircled by the use of Messrs. Howard, Hitchcock, Renshaw, Pitcairn, Lewis and Graham. It is near to church and school, and but a few yards from Shadyside Station. There are ten trains daily to and from the city—eighteen minutes' ride. In view of the spacious and comfortable dwelling, the eligible and agreeable situation, the easy travel, the good neighborhood, and all the pleasant surroundings, this property should command the especial attention of business men desiring to procure a beautiful suburban home. If desired by intending purchasers present at the sale, the property will be sold in sections to suit. It will, however, be first offered entire. The premises are unoccupied. Immediate possession given. Keys to inspect can be had at 118 Wood street.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years. Train for sale leaves Union Depot at 3 o'clock, city time.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
159 Federal street, Allegheny.

je12

BY A. McILWAINE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF HIGH CLASS MODERN PAINTINGS, BY DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN ARTISTS.—THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, June 17th and 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M., each day, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, (side entrance also on Fifth avenue, above Smithfield,) a large collection of high class Modern Paintings, by distinguished American and European artists. Also several original pictures by the late Pittsburgh artist, Blythe. The sale comprises a very choice Gallery of Oil Paintings, selected with great care and discrimination from the studios of eminent and foreign artists, embracing Landscapes, Figure Pieces, Marine Views, Still Life, &c., the whole constituting a collection of remarkable beauty and value, to which the attention of connoisseurs and lovers of art is confidently invited, as certain to bear the closest scrutiny and most critical judgment. They are all mounted in elegant gilt frames, of the latest patterns and best workmanship, warranted gilt with pure gold leaf. The paintings are now arranged on free exhibition, day and evening, until time of sales. Descriptive catalogues ready for distribution. Ladies and gentlemen specially invited to examine the collection, as this sale is particularly deserving their attention.

je14 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE OF THE FALLSTON WOODEN WARE WORKS, FALLSTON BOROUGH, BEAVER CO.—FRIDAY MORNING, June 18th, at 10 o'clock, by order of W. A. Lewis, Esq., Assignee of Bailey & McCandless, bankrupts, will be sold at Commercial Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the entire large real estate, situate in Fallston borough, Beaver county, Pa., and known as the Fallston Wooden Ware Works, including the grounds, buildings, machinery, &c., necessary for manufacturing wooden ware, together with 26 shares of power to the Fallston Water Company. The machinery is of the latest improvement. For other particulars inquire of W. A. Lewis, Esq., 93 Diamond st.

A. McILWAIN

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Those who intend spending any time away from home during the summer months, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

Received.—We have received from Mr. W. A. Gildenfenny, No. 45 Fifth avenue, the "Atlantic Monthly" and "Ladies' Friend" for July. Mr. G. is always in advance in these publications.

Constables' Returns.—The constables of the wards of the two cities will be heard on their returns before the Grand Jury on Monday, June 21st, and those of the boroughs and townships on Wednesday June 23d.

Clothing Stolen.—Martha Gorden, a resident of "Hayti," was arrested and jailed for trial by Alderman McMasters, yesterday, on a charge of stealing wearing apparel, valued at $11.75, from Susanna Maxwell one of her neighbors.

Something New.—A street railway car, with a new patent brake that stops and starts the car without aid from the horses, can be seen on the Citizens' Railway this morning at 9½ o'clock. Railway men should examine this invention, as it is a great saving of horses.

Rude Remarks.—Wm. O'Leary was charged before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, with entering the store of Dennis McMullen and using very insulting language toward the proprietor, besides threatening to take his life. Warrant issued.

Three hundred and two cars of the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroad oil line, loaded with crude oil, passed over the road from Franklin, bound for Philadelphia, one day last week. Twenty-four thousand one hundred and sixty barrels were thus exported.

Orchestra Concert.—Extensive arrangements are being made for a grand instrumental concert by Teorge's Orchestra, to take place at Lafayette Hall, on the evening of July 8th. Prof. J. W. Pope will take part and sing his celebrated song "Allegheny."

A Faithless Benedict.—Francis Sweeney colored, says her husband, Joseph, has abandoned her to the charities of the world, first selling off all their household effects, and thus breaking up their home. Alderman Bolster issued a warrant for the arrest of Joseph, for these illegal proceedings.

Slight Fire.—Last evening about ten o'clock, a fire broke out in a stable adjoining the residence of Mrs. Kirkpatrick, corner of Webster avenue and Arthurs street. The flames were extinguished with buckets of water. The Relief steamer was on the ground, but was not in action.

Would go In.—August Goinn was befor Alderman Taylor yesterday on a charge of forcible entry, preferred by Joseph Pearson, of Lawrenceville. It is alleged that, notwithstanding all opposition, true to his name and nature, he would go into the stable owned by the prosecutor, where he did considerable damage by tearing down a portion of the interior. He was held for a hearing.

Death of Mrs. Stewart.—It will be seen in our obituary column that the venerable and estimable Mrs. Jane Stewart, relict of the late Mr. John Stewart, and mother of John H. Stewart, Esq., former Sheriff of this county, died on the 15th inst. Her funeral will proceed from her late residence, Highland avenue, Nineteenth Ward, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Friday, the 18th inst.

Fisticuffs.—The business relations ebtween George Werner and Louis Frank were the subject of an animated dispute between the parties, yesterday, when, it is alleged, Louis became excited and struck George a powerful blow in the face. The "onpleasantness" occurred on Second street, Third ward, Allegheny. Alderman Bolster issued a warrant for the arrest of the pugilist.

Illegal Threats from an Official.—John Geisinger, a resident of Temperanceville, made information before Alderman Donaldson yesterday, against John Thompson, Constable of the borough, and Samuel Bryan, for surety of the peace. The accused, it is alleged, endeavored to enter the house of Geisinger, and, being opposed, used some very fierce threats against that individual. He was arrested, and gave bail for a hearing.

The ladies of the new Presbyterian Church, at Wilkinsburg, will give, on this and Friday evenings, a strawberry festival in their new edifice. They have taken extraordinary pains to render the festival unusually pleasant and in every way a success, and it will doubtless be everything they anticipate. The regular trains on the Pennsylvania road and the street cars on the Oakland road render the Church easy of access and a train leaves Wilkinsburg for the city at a quarter to ten.

In the Gutter.—Alderman McMasters yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of John Armstrong, charged with assault and battery. It is alleged the son of the accused and a boy named Hornberger were fighting, when Armstrong came to the relief of his representative, and kicked young Homberger inio the gutter. The difficulty occurred on Fifth avenue, near Stevenson street. The information was made by the father of the injured lad.

All should remember that the great Strawberry Festival in aid of the (Episcopal) Church Home, is to come off this afternoon and evening. The entertainment (weather permitting,) will be everything that the most fastidious could desire. A great variety of fancy articles, prepared by the ladies, will be displayed, and the feast of good things will be overflowing—but above all, the consciousness of aiding a most excellent charity will give zest to the pleasures and pastimes prepared for the visitors.

The Musical Contest to-night at the Pittsburgh Female College promises to prove the most enjoyable entertainment of the character ever held in the College Chapel, which is saying a good deal. The exercises will be concluded early enough to permit visitors from outside to get home by the trains and passenger railway cars. Those who desire to participate by their presence, in a contest between vocal and instrumental performers, young ladies, of brilliant attainments, should by all means visit the Chapel to-night. Tickets may be secured at the book and music stores and at the door. The elegant McKee and Mellor prizes will be awarded to the successful contestants, after the decision of the judges is made up, a ceremony which visitors are invited to await.

ALLEGHENY DISORDERLY CASE.

Decision of Judge Stowe on the Appeal from the Judgment of Mayor Drum in Fining Alderman Strain for Disorderly Conduct—Judge Sterrett Dissents from the Decision.

The circumstances attending the arrest of John A. Strain, Alderman of the Fifth ward of this city, and others, a short time since, in Allegheny, while returning at a late hour of the night from a serenade in the suburbs, their release, second arrest on the day following, and Strain's appeal from the judgment of Mayor Drum convicting him of disorderly conduct, we need not repeat in announcing the decision of the case, as they are sufficiently recapitulated in the opinion of Judge Stowe, delivered in the Court of Quarter Sessions yesterday morning. It is as follows:

City of Allegheny *vs.* John A. Strain. } Charge of Disorderly Conduct.

Opinion by Stowe, J.

This is an appeal from the judgment of the Mayor of Allegheny city, in a summary proceeding, wherein the defendant was convicted of disorderly conduct and fined twenty-five dollars and costs.

The question for us to determine is, whether under the proceedings and the evidence adduced before the Court, this judgment shall be sustained or set aside.

The evidence shows that defendant, with some twenty or twenty-five other persons, from Pittsburgh, had been visiting at the house of a gentleman outside of Allegheny city, and that while returning home, about midnight, through Allegheny city, some of the party indulged in quite vociferous and unmelodious singing, and, according to the testimony for the plaintiff, in profanity and disorderly shouts and cries, calculated to annoy and disturb the people residing along the streets through which these persons were passing. The officers, thinking that the party were guilty of disorderly conduct, pursued and arrested them for that offence, in the neighborhood of the Diamond, when the defendant demanded the officers to show by what authority the arrest was made, and perhaps dared them to arrest him, after which he was taken into custody. It would, seem, however, that after the arrest had been fully made he counselled peace and advised and urged submission to the officers, and stated in substance that he would have them punished for their conduct.

There was no evidence that defendant was one of those engaged in singing or making a noise, but, so far as the testimony shows, was quietly riding home in one of the wagons.

The defendant left a deposit for his appearance the next day, and in the morning was sent for by the Mayor, who issued a warrant for his arrest early in the morning, upon an information made by William Bowden, his Chief of Police. After one witness, Charles Buhoup, was heard, defendant (according to the transcript of the Mayor,) waived further proceedings, and the Mayor gave judgment "that defendant was guilty of disorderly conduct," and should pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and costs to the city of Allegheny.

Defendant appealed to the Court of Quarter Sessions, the same day, and subsequently the record was returned into this Court.

The whole record is insufficient to sustain a judgment of guilty, if the case was before us on *certiorari*, and would not for a moment bear the test of clearly established principles in summary proceedings, and we might very well dispose of the case upon that ground alone, if it were not that this is an appeal, which makes it our duty also to refer to the merits of the case, as they seem to us under the evidence.

In this proceeding, if the merits were against defi. under the evidence, and all the preliminary steps up to the swearing of witnesses, regular and set out in proper shape upon the record, we would convict, although the record in regard to stating the evidence and entering judgment would upon *certiorari* be fatally defective. But unless the preliminary steps were properly taken, the merits under the evidence would not save the proceeding, but the conviction would be quashed.

The first question then is (assuming that we have jurisdiction in this shape, to which we will refer hereafter,) were the proceedings regular, as they are set out in the record, and appear under the evidence, up to the time of hearing? That includes information, issuing of warrant and arrest of defendant.

This makes it necessary to consider somewhat at length the nature of summary proceedings, and the technical rules which have been established for their regulation.

By the system of the common law, persons charged with the commission of criminal offenses could in general be tried only by indictment or information, in courts of record, according to the established mode of procedure, the right of trial by jury being deemed essential, and the benefit of the customary forms regarded as the security of personal liberty and rights. From an early period, however, in England, it became common to confide by statute, to certain magistrates, the power to try in a summary manner and without a jury for some offences of a lesser grade, or to punish therefor with fine and imprisonment to a limited extent. The jurisdiction of this kind became important, and exercised as it was under the supervision of the regular courts according to the principles of the common law, it proved to be safe and useful. In this class of cases the proceedings before the magistrate are final, except where in special cases an appeal is allowed by statute, and ordinarily the only remedy is by *certiorari*, which ignores everything but the sufficiency of the record and the regularity of the proceedings as set out therein. Although this kind of criminal trial seems very much at variance with the bill of rights in our Constitution, which so carefully guards the right of trial by jury and secures to accused persons the benefit of proceedings by indictment and other common law forms, it has been held to be legal, but subject to the closest legal scrutiny by the Courts.

It is an established rule that no summary conviction will stand for a moment without a sufficient record. Indeed a record is an absolute prerequisite to a commitment, and without it not only is the party entitled to his discharge, but the magistrate liable to him in trespass. This must show that the magistrate has strictly pursued his powers, otherwise the common law will break in upon him and level all his proceedings.

In carrying out this principle, very rigid rules of construction have prevailed in courts of justice, and the magistrates have always been kept within the strict letter of the statutes or ordinances creating their authority.

The first step in a summary conviction is the formal charge, which is sometimes called a complaint, but more generally an information. There are some cases where no charge in writing may be in strictness required, yet a charge or accusation must in fact have been made, and the magistrate should take down in writing the substance of it, in order afterwards to duly frame his warrant or limit his inquiry.

That there ought to be such a formal charge, or complaint, or information, is obvious on every principle of justice, in order that the defendant may be apprised of the supposed offense he is to answer for, and the magistrate what facts he is to try and adjudicate, and that the conviction may be adducible in evidence to prevent a subsequent proceeding for the same cause. It is essential that great care should be used in framing or taking the information or complaint, as it is the foundation of all that is subsequently done in the case. In *any* review of the matter by a superior tribunal, or on any judicial inquiry in relation to the case, great importance is attached to it. And the validity of the whole procedure may depend upon its being formal and correct.

It should, as to the substance of the particular complaint, be accurate, precise and full, and it ought in general to be as certain in substance as an indictment or declaration, and the mistatement or omission of any material averment in the information is not cured by any statement in the conviction of sufficient evidence to constitute the offence, because the defendant can only be convicted of the charge as laid in the information, and that must be sufficient to support the conviction, and the evidence could only prove and not supply the defect in the information.

The evidence, as given on the trial, should be particularly stated in the record in regard to the acts done by defendant, alleged to constitute the offence charged, to the time it was done and to the place; and it should be taken down from the mouth of the witnesses at the trial, and as nearly as possible in their very words. It is extremely improper to attempt to supply this part of the record from memory after the trial has been had and a record demanded by the defendant.

Upon an appeal, however, as in this case, the evidence is not important, as it is our duty to hear the testimony for ourselves; and if, as before stated, all the preliminary steps up to the hearing were correctly taken and set out properly in the record, we would not quash the conviction simply because the evidence was not properly stated, or as set out in the record was not sufficient to justify a conviction, as we would if it was before us on *certiorari*.

Applying these rules, which are well defined and clearly laid down in the various text books and decisions bearing upon this kind of legal proceeding, to the case in hand, we find that on the 4th of June, Wm. Bowden, who was the Chief of Police in Allegheny city, made an information in absolute and unqualified terms that John A. Strain with others, "on the night of the 3d of June, 1869, in the city of Allegheny, did conduct himself in a disorderly manner by making a loud noise on the street, using insulting language to police officers and otherwise misbehaving himself, tending to a breach of the public peace and to the injury of all well-disposed persons."

There is only one part of this information that gives us any light as to what the defendant is charged to have done, to wit: "Making a loud noise in the street." "Using insulting language," and "misbehaving himself," are altogether too vague and general, being not facts, but simply the affiant's opinion as to facts. The information should set out as facts what the language was, and in what the misbehaviour consisted, so that the defendant could know specifically what he was charged with, and the Court know whether they fell within the ordinance. Even "making a loud noise in the street" is too indefinite to convey any concise idea of what is meant, and the charge is not helped by saying that it tended to a breach of the peace, for that is a conclusion of law arising under the evidence.

To set out the charge properly, the information should have stated how the noise was made, and in what it consisted,—whether it was with horns, by firing of guns, shouting, hallooing or singing, or otherwise, as the case might be. So, if insulting language was used, what the language was, and the same with regard to misbehavior.

"The description in the information of the alleged offence ought to be certain and precise, as to the facts and circumstances thereof, so as to distinctly mark and characterize the act complained of, in reference to the provisions, intention and spirit of the statute under which it is prosecuted. Besides the words of the act, there must also be particularity in regard to time, place, and as much other essential circumstances as may be necessary for certainty and precision." [See 2 Chitty, gen. prac. 164.] "It is incumbent," also says the same high authority, (page 163,) "upon the magistrate to take care that an informer state in his oath the *particular* facts as they occurred, and that he do not swear by the card in the very words of the act; and unless facts are apparently truly sworn essential to constitute the offence charged, the magistrate should not issue even his summons, and certainly not a warrant, upon general information, however technically correct."

In this case a warrant was issued upon the information of an officer, who says in court that he knew nothing at all personally of the facts he swore to before the Mayor, and that the Mayor knew it when he issued the warrant.

The information is not technically correct in several respects, but even if it were, and the Mayor knew that the deponent was swearing to what he had no personal knowledge of, he should have refused to entertain the case. Issuing a warrant would be illegal under such circumstances, and unjustifiable in any court of law. If, on the other hand, the informer did not disclose to the Mayor that he swore only from hearsay knowledge, or having disclosed the fact swore to and signed the information, knowing that it was in absolute and unqualified terms, he did a very rash and dangerous act, even if he believed every word he swore, and the facts were just as he stated them to be. What the law calls this kind of swearing is very explicitly stated by Chief Justice Tilghman, in Com. vs. Cornish, 6 Binney, 250.

There is another defect in the information which is insuperable. It fails to refer to the ordinance under which the proceeding is instituted, in any shape or form.

For these reasons we would be compelled to quash this conviction, if there were nothing more in the case. Upon the merits, under the evidence, the case is no better for the plaintiff. That there were some noisy and disorderly persons in this party, is pretty clearly established, but that defendant took any part in the disorder is not shown by the plaintiff, and the contrary is proved by the defence.

Under the evidence, if the proceedings were regular, we should adjudge the defendant not guilty.

The only question which remains, is the one of jurisdiction under the appeal. As the very peculiarity of a summary proceeding originally was that it took away a jury trial, and no appeal lies except when, and to the tribunal, specially mentioned, I think it clear that the appeal is simply, as the act says, to the Court of Quarter Sessions, in its legal and technical sense, and not to the Court and jury.

During the argument some suggestions were made by the court regarding the meaning of the ordinance and the legality of the arrest of the defendant, and others of this party, under the charge of disorderly conduct. Whether the suggestions then made in reference to these matters were correct or not, it will be soon enough to determine when the case comes squarely before us. The position this case was found to assume upon examination rendered it unnecessary to inquire into those other matters, and I have no disposition to go out of the record to decide questions which, as the case now stands, are so entirely immaterial to the question before us, and might possibly be unnecessarily prejudging questions which may hereafter arise.

And now, June 16, 1869, this case having come before this Court on appeal from the Mayor of Allegheny City, and the said Court having proceeded to examine into the truth of the charges contained in the information against John A. Strain, the defendant, and it not appearing from the evidence adduced before the Court that said defendant was guilty as charged, he, the said John A. Strain, is hereby declared to be not guilty of the charges contained in said information, and the conviction before said Mayor is hereby vacated and annulled.

BY THE COURT.

JUDGE STERRETT DISSENTS.

His Honor, Judge Sterrett, stated that not having heard the evidence in the case, or being familiar with the facts, he did not desire to express an opinion as to the merits, but he dissented from the views of his brother Stowe as to several points in his opinion. He did not think it necessary that the offence charged should be set forth in all its minuteness, particularizing how, when and where, and in what manner it was committed, but that it was sufficient if it be stated in the general terms of the ordinance under which the information was made.

State Normal School.

According to previous notice, the Committee appointed by the late triennial Convention of the School Directors of Allegheny county, met at Curry Institute yesterday.

The meeting was called to order by F. C. Negley, Esq., Chairman. On motion, the Committee was increased till it now embraces the following names, viz: John H. Ralston, James B. Lyon, Wm. Thaw, James Park, Jr., F. R. Brunot, Wm. Frew, Joseph Dilworth, Jr., H. Shoenberger, Robert Lea, Wm. Patterson, James Kelly, A. T. Douthett, Moses Chess and F. C. Negley.

Mr. Geo. M. Fields, Superintendent of Beaver county, was present and participated in the proceedings of the meeting. He reported that a similar Committee from Beaver county would be present at the next meeting to co-operate with this Committee, and a similar one from Butler county, in devising measures for establishing a State Normal School for this district.

A communication was received from Col. Wm. Espy, offering to increase his former donation of ten acres of land, for a site for the State Normal School, to twenty acres, which, added to four adjacent acres offered by Capt. John R. Neel, makes an aggregate of twenty-four acres of land beautifully situated within three miles of the city. Mr. James Kelly, of Wilkinsburg, has also offered to donate ten acres of land beautifully situated on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the extreme limits of the city of Pittsburgh. If there are others from any part of the Eleventh Normal School District, who wish to secure the school in their neighborhood, and have ten acres or upwards which they are willing to denote as a site for the same, they will please make the matter known at the next meeting of the Convention, which will take place at Curry Institute, 52 and 54 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 21st inst., at two o'clock, P. M. Members of Convention are earnestly requested to attend punctuall.

Result of Picnic Diversions.

Charles Schmalz, one of the parties seriously injured in the row at the Picnic on Troy Hill, Monday afternoon, was much worse yesterday. As his physician Dr. Hardtmeyer, expressed fears of his condition Mayor Drum took his deposition at the house where he is now lying. It appears from his statement that he had a confectioner's stand on the ground, and that some of the festive parties surreptitionally carried off a quantity of the goods. He endeavored to secure the property when the row ensued, during which he was attacked by three rowdies. One of them gashed his hand terribly with a knife, another struck him with a brick, while the third emulated his companions in brutality by belaboring him with a poker. They ceased their exertions only when their victim lay in the road, outside the grounds, insensible, where he was picked up after all was quiet and taken home by his friends. He could not name the assailants, but is certain he could recognize them again.

Our City.

A correspondent, visiting Pittsburgh, and writing to the Titusville *Herald*, has this to say of us: The city seems to have its fair proportion of strangers—you can tell them by their frantic efforts to keep clean—the hotels doing a good business and trains running well filled. It is bound to be a larger place—this Pittsburgh—and if it was under one government with its sister cities of Allegheny, Manchester, Birmingham, etc., which are by situation, and ought to be by law and fact *one* and inseparable, it would rank already as one of the largest in the land.

A Registered Animal.

Samuel McMullen, of Scotch Hollow, until within a few days past delighted himself in the possession of a "dorg" valued at thirty-five dollars. So great was his love for the animal that, to make his ownership more secure, he had it properly registered as his property. Monday morning the "property" disappeared and has not been seen since. From information received, Samuel concluded it had been taken away by John O'Leary, and made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, to that effect, upon which a warrant was issued.

A Runaway.

A pair of horses attached to a barouche belonging to Jackson & Devore, on Third avenue, took fright yesterday, while returning from a funeral, near Two Mile Run, and ran away, completely demolishing the vehicle, and injuring the driver considerably. There were four ladies and a gentleman in the barouche when the accident occurred, who were all thrown out, but fortunately escaped injury. The vehicle was almost new, having been recently purchased at a cost of $1,200.

We call the attention of housekeepers to the style and quality of Queensware which has caused us such a wide-spread popularity. The great reason for the remarkable success lies in the quality of the wares we keep and the prices at which they are sold. Call and examine at any time, whether you wish to buy or not. No. 10 Diamond, Allegheny.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Armstrong, Bro. & Co.'s Cork and Compressed Bung Factory Destroyed.

A disastrous conflagration occurred about half-past eight o'clock last evening, by which the Cork and Compressed Bung Factory of Armstrong, Bro. & Co., No. 122 Third avenue, was almost totally destroyed.

The building was a three-story brick structure originally, but recently, owing to the increased amount of business, a fourth story was erected, to make room for new machinery which was placed on the second floor, and which, we are informed, cost the firm over ten thousand dollars.

The fire originated on the first floor, from the engines, near which was a quantity of baled cork, and spread so rapidly that before an alarm was given it had reached the fourth story and was burning furiously. The alarm was given from box 13, to which the engines in the district promptly responded, and in a few minutes afterward a general alarm was sounded, which brought the entire department into service. The fire was discovered about half past eight o'clock, and had gained such headway that the entire building and contents were destroyed. The loss will not fall far short of $30,000, including machinery and stock destroyed. There is a heavy insurance on the establishment, but we were unable to learn in what companies.

The firemen worked faithfully until eleven o'clock before the fire was entirely extinguished.

The livery stable of Jackson and Devore, which is on the opposite side of the avenue, was in imminent danger, and the horses were all removed, a precaution which, however, proved unnecessary as the flames were confined to the building in which the fire originated.

The Co-operative Life Insurance Company.

The accumulating policy of this Company is the best system of life insurance yet devised. Because:

The contract is simple and can be fully understood by any one.

It is just and equitable. All who make an equal contribution make an equal gain. It is *safer and stronger* than any other. A depreciation in values or an epidemic that would destroy an old style company will not injuriously effect the interest of those insured on this plan.

It puts no restrictions on travel nor on any lawful occupation. The Company requires no notes which may seriously reduce the amount of insurance.

It requires no interest on imaginary "loans," so as to increase the yearly premium thirty to fifty per cent. above the bargain.

It charges only the actual value of the insurance, and makes no ridiculous pretence that you can make fifty per cent. "profits" on your investment, and get the amount of your insurance in addition.

Nor does it practice any other deceit.

All this is absolutely true, and will be made plain to any one who will call at the Company's office, 128 Smithfield street.

Pittsburgh Male and Female Seminary.

This institution will commence its second term on the first Monday of September next, under the management of Professor Fulton Phillips, to whom the undersigned has transferred the school. Mr. Phillips is an experienced and successful teacher, and a gentleman of very superior and scholastic ability. He is earnest and progressive, qualified to impart scientific instruction in any sphere as instructor of the young. I am happy to recommend Mr. Phillips to my pupils, my patrons and my friends, believing him capable and worthy; feeling assured that those remembered friends, to whom I am so deeply indebted for the eminent success that has attended my own efforts will have no reason to regret any patronage which they may extend to my successor. H. I. GOURLEY.

Disorderly Conduct.

John and Catherine Garritz were arrested on Manor street, South Pittsburgh, yesterday, and taken before Justice Barker on a charge of disorderly conduct. It appears that the accused occupied a room in a "rookery" on Manor street, from which they were forcibly ejected by the landlord and their goods set out on the street. The ejected parties then started out to "hunt law" against the landlord who had so summarily ejected them from their home, and to drown their troubles took numerous potations of bad whisky, in consequence of which they both became disorderly. Mrs. Garritz, who it appears was the more disorderly of the two, was committed for five days, and her worthy spouse, Patrick, was discharged.

Preremptory Closing Sale of Elegant Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture, Carpets, &c.

To-day, June 17, at 9 A. M., and 1½ P. M., at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold without reserve, the largest and finest assortment of parlor, dining room and chamber furniture offered this season, embracing in part elegant chamber and cottage suites, large line hair, cloth and repp sofas and tete-a-tetes; lounges, all styles and qualities; marble-top and plain dressing bureaus and wash stands; parlor and cabin chairs and rockers; large lot of fine feathers, &c. Three fire proof safes at private sale. For full particulars, see advertisement. H. B. Smithson & Co.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.

Patrick Pendergrass made information before Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, charging Dennis Michael and Thomas Conroy with aggravated assault and battery. The Conroy brothers reside in "Limerick" where, it appears they got into a difficulty with the prosecutor, Sunday evening, which resulted rather seriously to Pendergrass. He was beaten in a most inhuman manner. Thomas and Dennis were arrested and held to trial for their appearance at Court. A warrant was issued for Michael, but the officers altough searching dilligently for him, have not succeeded in finding him.

$20,000 worth of new and seasonable goods received this week by J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market and 20 St. Clair (now Sixth) street.

Marsailles for suits and dresses at Bates & Bell's.

$4 for Lace Curtains—all lace curtains at reduced prices at Bates & Bell's.

Twenty thousand dollars' worth of new and fashionable goods receiving at Barker's, 59 Market and 20 St. Clair (now Sixth) street.

Lace Points, Sacques, Rotunds and Olfas at Bates & Bell's.

Fallston Woodenware Works at Auction.—The entire Fallston Woodenware Works, in Fallston borough, will be sold to-morrow morning at McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, by order of assignee in bankruptcy. It includes the grounds, buildings, machinery, water power, &c. See auction advertisements in our columns.

Honest men are easily bound, but you can never bind a knave.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Dyspepsia.

Keep no more cats in the house than will catch mice.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Fever and Ague.

War makes thieves, and peace hangs them.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

Time is a file that wears and makes no noise.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Dissipation and Late Hours.

Better have one plow going than two *cradles*.

PLANTATION BITTERS are an antidote to Change of Water and Diet.

Fools and obstinate people make lawyers rich.

PLANTATION BITTERS purify, strengthen and invigorate.

A kind wife makes a faithful husband.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Special Sale—Brussels and Ingrain Carpets.—To-day, June 17th, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold without reserve, to close consignment, a large line of new all wool two ply rag, cottage, hemp and stair carpets. Also 650 yards of fine velvet and tapestry Brussels. Sale positive. For particulars see advertisement. H. B. Smithson & Co.

I. X. L.—Geo. W. Hubley, No. 68 Federal street, has added to his variety of House furnishing goods an entirely new double inverse rotary Ice Cream Freezer, called the "I. X. L," which is a quick and effectual freezer, surpassing all competitors, and cheap. TH

Suits and Dresses made in newest fashion at Barker's, 59 Market and 20 St. Clair (now Sixth) street, where upwards of $20,000 worth of goods are now being opened.

Shetland Shawls—in all desirable colors, at Bates & Bell's.

Public Sales.—The Orrin Newton property, at Shadyside, goes to-day at 3½ o'clock; E. R. Wilson's, on Highland avenue, East Liberty, to-day at 5 o'clock, and Mr. Lea's, No. 205 Western Avenue, Allegheny, on Tuesday next at 2 o'clock.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Suits of Linen, Hemani, Leno, Marsailles and Silk at Bates & Bell's.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Linen Goods, long variety, at Bates & Bell's.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Japanese Silks in great variety at Bates & Bell's.

White Bedouins at Bates & Bell's.

Thin Dress Goods, from 31c at Bates & Bell's.

DIED.

RICHARDS—On Tuesday, June 16th, at Niles, Ohio, JOHN J. RICHARDS, in the 34th year of his age.

Notice of funeral in Friday's paper.

RAMIG—Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, CHARLIE, son of Frederick and Kate Ramig, aged 3 years and 8 months.

The funeral will take place on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from parent's residence, 52 Smithfield street. Friends of the family are kindly invited to attend.

STEWART—At 6 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, June 15th, 1869, JANE STEWART, wife of John Stewart, of Hiland avenue, 19th ward, Pittsburgh.

Funeral on FRIDAY, June 18th, at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave from Robt. H. Patterson & Co's, Seventh avenue, at 1½ noon.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob P. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

AGENCY FOR
PETER SQUIRE'S, LONDON,
CELEBRATED CHEMICALS.
SOAP,
Containing 40 per cent. Pure Glycerine.
EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS
Such as Bi Carb Potassa, Vichy Salt, Kissinge Salt, Seidlitz Powder, Citrate Magnesia, Citrat Iron and Quinine, Iodide Potassae, Carbonat Lithia, &c. Also, agent F. A. Sarg's Vienna Glycerine Soap, and Brecknell's, London, Ski Soap.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.
jel0

HENRY G. HALL,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his
SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

FOR SALE.
BAROMETERS,
THERMOMETERS,
OPERA, MARINE
AND SPY GLASSES,
BY
W. G. DUNSEATH,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,
56 FIFTH AVENUE,
my18

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,
No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.